W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

Competent Dispensers
In Constant Attendance
At the
P. P. P. P.
36 Government Street.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1893. No. 88.

PURE FERTILIZER.

To Farmers, Gardeners and the Public:

THE B. C. ENTERPRISE MANUFACTURING Co.

Are prepared to fill orders in any quantity for **Pure Bone Fertilizer**, either **Crushed, Coarse, Ground, Meal or Flour.** Would also call attention to the fact that they have prepared a special **Lawn Fertilizer.** Ask your grocer for it. Sold in 2½, 5 and 10lb. packages.

For large quantities special prices. Apply

COR. BROAD & PANDORA STS. WORKS: CAREY ROAD.

ap15-d&w

Mantles,
Jackets
Capes

RECEIVED
THIS DAY AT
The Westside

J. Hutcheson & Co.

Weiler Bros.

NEW GOODS
JUST ARRIVED.

White Swiss Embroidered Muslins for Curtains.
Fine Cream Nets for Curtains. "Brussels Designs."
"Libertys"—Figured Crepe Cloths, for Drapery Work, etc.
Silks, Figured and Plain—Choice Colors and Designs.
Art Muslins in great variety, from 10c. per yard.
New Patterns in Union Art Squares.
Large Addition to Carpet Stock.

LADIES CALL AND SEE THESE NEW GOODS.

Show Rooms: 51 to 55 Fort Street.

TROUT LAKE CITY

WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The owners intend to expend money on Streets and other improvements in the spring.

For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 for insides.

For further particulars apply to

C. E. PERRY & CO., At the Head Office, Nelson, B. C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

JUST ARRIVED

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

WILTONS,
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY
WOOL
Carpets

From the most renowned makers in Europe, in all the newest designs and colorings. These goods have been bought close and carefully selected and will be sold at a small margin of profit.

A Fine Assortment of Lace, Chenille, Damask and Silk Curtains; also Art Muslins, Reversible Cretonnes, Figured Cantons, Art Silks, Reps, Etc.

RUGS AND MATS In great variety. Call and be convinced that our statement is correct.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

FLAG HAULED DOWN

Ceremonies Attending the United States Withdrawal.

THE OLD FLAG FLOATS OVER HAWAII.

It Was a Disagreeable Sight For Americans to Witness.

At the Sound of the Bugle Invisible Hands Haul Down the Stars and Stripes and Hoist the Hawaiian Colors Opinions on the Event—Jewels Stolen From the Crown of the Monarch.

Honolulu, April 6.—Probably no more distasteful task ever fell to the lot of an American seaman than was imposed upon Lieut. Draper, of the U. S. marine corps of the Boston, who has been stationed at the Government House since the Provisional Government assumed power, when on April 1, in the presence of a crowd numbering probably 2000 persons, he blew the notes of retreat from his bugle and "old glory" sank from sight of the throng and was replaced by the colors of the Hawaiian monarchy, which still remains the flag of this land. The report that Commissioner Blount would order the American flag down and the protectorate abolished got abroad on the night of March 31st, preceding the day of the occurrence, but it did not become general.

On the afternoon of March 31 the commissioner held a lengthy and secret conference with President Dole and the ministry, at which he notified them of his intention to declare off the protectorate established by Minister Stevens on February 1. The Provisional Government, though somewhat reluctantly, acquiesced in the commissioner's decision and prepared to order out their forces to maintain peace and order, which had continued almost unbroken during the protectorate. At nine o'clock on the morning of April 1, President Dole and his cabinet visited the barracks and inspected the men under arms. At 10 o'clock companies A, B, C and D of the volunteers assembled at the drill shed, making with the regulars about 400 men in all. The hour for the hauling down of the American flag had been fixed for 11 o'clock.

On the faces of the American residents were looks of chagrin, while a broad grin overspread the faces of many natives. Just before the minute hand of the clock in the tower reached the hour of 11 the regular troops of the Provisional Government, under command of Captain John Good, marched back smartly into the enclosure before the Government building, and were ordered into line on the left of the entrance. Following them came company A, of the volunteers, Captain Zeigler, who stationed themselves on the right of the entrance. Immediately in the rear came a battery of company D, Captain W. C. Wilder, jr., with one Gatling gun and two Hotchkiss field pieces, which were placed in position to silence hostile demonstration should any occur. Company B, Captain Gunn, of the volunteers, was left in charge of the barracks, and company C was stationed about the palace. The Provisional Government forces were all under the command of Colonel J. H. Sopor and his field officers, Lieut.-Colonel Fisher and Major McLeod. Inside the Government yard were President Dole and the members of his cabinet, Chief Justice Judd and other officials, officers from naval vessels in the harbor, prominent citizens and representatives of the press.

There was a sudden hush of the throng as Lieut. Draper, U. S. M. C., facing the Government building, raised his bugle and sounded the call in clear and distinct notes that were heard at some distance. Drawn by unseen agencies the flag sank from sight and in a minute later the Hawaiian emblem was hoisted in its place. The ceremony was complete. Not a cheer and scarcely a sound accompanied the transformation. Some of the Mohican's officers, as they turned slowly away, said that while the withdrawal of the flag might be the proper thing in international law, they personally felt as if "we had no right to be here and witness the act." Company A, Captain Zeigler, was marched into the hallway of the building, together with the Gatling gun and the field pieces, and were stationed at various entrances. The other troops were marched to the barracks. Lieutenant Draper and his squad of marines then proceeded to Camp Boston, where they joined the battalion under Lieut. Laird, which, under orders from Admiral Skerritt, evacuated the quarters they had held so long, marched to the boat landing and embarked to go aboard the Boston and remain indefinitely. Thus ended another episode in Hawaiian history.

As the crowd dispersed from Palace square it was remarked by many whites with surprise that no demonstration of any kind had been made when the Hawaiian flag was raised beyond the "present arms" of the provisional troops. It was afterwards ascertained that the Queen had requested some of her people to instruct the natives to make no outburst on the occasion. Commissioner Blount remains a good deal as an American sphinx to a majority of the people here. He is a good questioner, but is not so ready in imparting information. The members of the Provisional Government called on Commissioner Blount on April 3, returning his official visit of March 30, when he was introduced by Minister Stevens and presented his credentials. The conference at Blount's cottage lasted over an hour. Attorney-General Smith, in speaking of it, said while the Commissioner gave them no direct assurance of any kind beyond that the United States would allow no foreign interference here, the Government was well pleased with the manner of the commissioner, and did not think their interests would suffer at his hands. The chief danger to be apprehended here is Japanese interference, either in behalf of or at the application of Japanese subjects or the Hawaiians themselves.

Japanese interference would be an act of hostility to the United States, and American interests demanded that such be repealed. Consul Fugii, in a newspaper interview, denied that he had received a communication from Commissioner Blount regarding the attitude of the United States. The monthly pension of $1250 paid Queen Lilinokalani by the Provisional Government has been the subject of much debate lately, and in the council of March 31, J. A. McCandless offered a resolution to the effect that she be paid $500 per month, so long as she in good faith carries out certain conditions and restrictions relating to political matters, which would be prescribed by the executive and advisory council. The resolution was considered in executive session and it was decided to postpone further payment until the Queen's conduct, in regard to political interference, became apparent.

Several official changes have been made recently. A. S. Cleghorn, father of Princess Kaiulani, retires from the collectorship of customs. His successor is not yet named. J. Norton Oat succeeds Walter Hill as Postmaster-General, the latter having been sent to the insane asylum, his mind suffering from the responsibilities in connection with the postal savings bank. The discovery on April 3 that over 200 tins of opium had been stolen from the strong room of the police station by unknown parties, was followed by the disclosure that the crown worn by Kink Kalakaua which was kept in a leather trunk on the basement floor of the palace, had been robbed of its diamonds and jewels, valued at $5000.

Washington, D.C., April 15.—The startling news from Honolulu via San Francisco, of the hauling down of the United States flag, it is said, was the subject of an animated discussion at the cabinet meeting. Before going into the cabinet room Secretary Gresham said he had received no information whatever aside from that printed in the papers. When questioned further as to the truth of the statements contained in special dispatches to western newspapers, that Blount was conniving at the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani and would support her throne, if need be by forces of the United States steamship Boston, he said he knew nothing about it and declined to express any opinion on the subject.

In regard to the hauling down of the United States flag, attention is called to these passages in instructions issued under previous administration by Secretary J. W. Foster to Minister Stevens under date, February 11th, 1893, "The phraseology of your proclamation in announcing your action in the assumption of a protectorate over the islands in behalf of the United States with all the rights and obligations which the term implies. To this extent it goes beyond the necessities of the situation and the instructions heretofore given you So far as your action amounts to agreeing to the request of the de facto sovereign governmen of the Islands of Hawaii and the co-operation of the material forces of the United States for the protection of life and property for apprehended disorders, your action is commended. But so far as it may appear to overstep that limit by setting the authority and power of the United States above that of the government of the Hawaiian Islands in the capacity of protector, or to impair, in any way, the independent sovereignty of the Hawaiian government by substituting the flag and power of the United States as the symbol and manifestation of paramount power, it was disavowed."

It is contended in view of statements from the president, that the provisional government could maintain and protect itself against assault from within, the necessity for the presence of the United States marines on shore and the flying of the United States flag has passed. Therefore, it is argued, Blount was correct in ordering the marines to their boats and the flag to be hauled down, especially if the presence of the flag over the government buildings in Honolulu, as stated, was intended to impede diplomatic relations between the countries and to embarrass negotiations.

Charles L. Carter, one of the Hawaiian annexation commissioners, was seen at his hotel by a reporter and asked if he had any news. He replied in the negative, but stated that he fully expected to hear something in the course of the day. Speaking of the lowering of the United States flag by Mr. Blount's order, Mr. Carter said: "I do not think it means a reversal of the policy of the government as expressed by the late administration. Secretary Foster's attitude was satisfactory to the annexationists and he promptly disavowed the protectorate. The force of marines was posted on duty in response to the request of the provisional government, to protect persons and property against assaults and danger from natives. The necessity for this has passed. The annexation move has gained strength and numbers and President Dole has announced that it was able to maintain itself if not assailed from without. Therefore the forces of the United States were no longer essential. With their removal, of course, the flag came down. What we all regret is that events have made it necessary to pursue that course. We had hoped when it was hoisted that it might remain never again to be hauled down."

Considers It a Blunder.

Boston, April 15.—The Hon. A. S. Mott Smith, Hawaiian minister to this country, was astonished by the news from Hawaii to-day. He said that the withdrawal of the United States protectorate over the islands opened a wide range of possibilities. It seemed to him that an impregnable position had been surrendered and that the United States could not now protest, in case of an uprising of the discontented and lawless of the people there if the provisional government should appeal for aid to the British, German or Japanese ministers. He did not see how the new condition of affairs could give any encouragement to the royalist party. The overthrow of the old government was the logical outcome of years of development.

Conducive to Good Health.

Montreal, April 15.—Of 13 old pilots, for and below this port, examined this week before the harbor commissioners, with regard to sight, etc., only one was refused the renewal of his license. Some of the re-licensed are 78 years old and yet are hale and vigorous.

Roman Catholic Majorities.

London, April 15.—Mr. Edward Blake took part in the Home Rule debate last night, speaking for over an hour. He dealt fully with Mr. J. W. Russell's recent speech, in which the latter contended that the alleged evils in Quebec province, arising from the "domination" of the Roman Catholic majority over the Protestant minority, would be repeated in Ireland as between the Ulster Protestants and the Roman Catholic majority. Mr. Blake took the opposite view of the question, and with much earnestness, and many citations from eminent men in both political parties in Canada, showed his reasons why the Protestants in the north of Ireland, assuming the two cases to be of a similar character in many respects, should have no reason to fear the ascendancy of the Roman Catholics. The speech was concluded at midnight, too late for much comment on the part of the London press.

The Chronicle says Mr. Blake's address was really a remarkable piece of reasoning, that it was eagerly listened to by Mr. Gladstone and was worthy of delivery at a much earlier hour.

THE FEDERATIONISTS

Mr. Gladstone's Reply to the Faddists Being Discussed.

THEIR HOPES CANNOT BE REALIZED

Animated Discussion on the Irish Home Rule Bill.

Proceedings in the Behring Sea Arbitration Court—Pennsylvania Students Cannot Do Without Beer—Financial Position of Quebec—Big Mine Fire in Dakota.

London, April 15.—The Imperial Federation League gained little yesterday by the long-promised conference with the Premier. The general verdict of the press is that Mr. Gladstone's reply was sympathetic, but that it fails to bring the matter any nearer a practical solution. The Premier's emphatic statement that the Liberals would never be a party to a policy which for the purpose of federation involved a reversal of free trade, is generally endorsed by the Liberal press and fully accords with expectations. The Westminster Gazette contends that the league must be utterly futile in adhering to the rule to avoid any subject which approaches the domain of party politics at home. The Gazette holds that decentralization and imperial unity are the absorbing party questions of the day, and are also the only questions with which the league is really concerned. If the present policy be maintained the league may as well be put upon the shelf until the Irish controversy is settled.

THE GREAT BILL.

Home Rule Vigorously Discussed in Parliament Yesterday.

London, April 14.—In the House of Commons to-day, Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone intimated a desire to close the debate on the second reading of the bill on Tuesday next. Rt. Hon. Mr. Balfour protested against such an early termination of the debate. He said that the Rt. Hon. G. W. Goschen, ex-chancellor of the exchequer; Lord Randolph Churchhill, Sir Henry James and other prominent Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists, had not an opportunity to speak on the subject of the second reading. Mr. Balfour then suggested Friday next as a reasonable date for closing the debate. Hon. Secretary Asquith delivered an earnest address in behalf of the bill, which was listened to with considerable interest.

While Mr. Asquith was commenting upon the conversion to constitutional home rule of Michael Davitt, "once a conspirator and rebel," a dozen or more Irish members, suddenly rising, called the Speaker's attention to an epithet used by Lord Cranbourne. Daniel Crilly, who was allowed to speak for his colleagues, in passionate tones charged Lord Cranbourne with calling Michael Davitt a murderer.

Amidst cries of "withdraw!" "apologize!" etc., the Speaker rose and called for order. "If the expression was used," he said, "it must be withdrawn by the gentleman who used it."

Lord Cranbourne thereupon made an odd apology. "I said nothing," he said, "but what was true. I quite admit that the expression escaped me, bur it was not intended for the ear of the House."

Mr. Asquith, continuing, evoked a loud burst of Irish cheers by remarking that the incident which had just occurred showed how scanty was the knowledge of Irish history and Irish leaders possessed by some members of the Opposition.

DAMPENED ARDOR.

Rain Washes Out Indignation — Liberalism is Growing.

Vancouver, April 15.—Owing to the rain the meeting of the South Vanvouver electors on redistribution did not take place, only five attending. The meeting called in this city for Saturday night will be larger. It is said a resolution will be offered asking Mr. Horne to resign his seat.

The Vancouver Liberals are working hard to strengthen the party in ths city with the intention of bringing out a candidate for the next election. An effort will probably be made to divide provincial politics on Reform and Conservative lines.

The Y.M.C.A. convention is in session to-day with a fair attendance of delegates, some of whom are from Portland and Tacoma.

Some friction exists in the board of works department over the appointment of an inspector on the bituminous paving. Col. Tracy, city engineer, wants a man who is a ship draughtsman and marine engineer by trade, while two members of the board insist on having one with experience in concrete work and the laying of bitumen. At yesterday's meeting the two carried their point through, one member of the board refusing to vote, and H. Bell was appointed.

They Must Have Beer.

Bethlehem, Pa., April 15.—The determination of the freshmen of the Lehigh University to have free beer on calculus night in defiance of the faculty, has stirred up the whole town. This old custom has not been observed since 1889, but on last Thursday week the freshmen, by a vote of 80 to 3, decided to revive it. Owing to much opposition from many sources, a meeting was called for yesterday to reconsider this vote. Just before it was to be called to order, President Lamberton summoned the freshmen and sophomore presidents, and admonished them that there must be no free beer. Thereupon the meeting was postponed, leaving the free beer resolution in force. The boys declare that they will have beer, faculty or no faculty.

Herbert's Advice Wanted.

London, April 15.—It is reported in military circles here that the war office has asked the Dominion Government to send Major-General Herbert, commander of the Canadian militia, to London at once, to arrange details connected with strengthening the defences of Esquimalt, B.C., which are to be constructed jointly by the Imperial and Canadian governments. The fortifications are to be built by the Dominion authorities, under the direction of British officers. General Herbert will visit England to receive instructions before the proposed work is begun.

No Contests Wanted.

New York, April 15.—The will of Johanna Sophie Eilers, a widow, who died in Brooklyn on March 16th, has been filed for probate. About $50,000 is distributed among relatives of the dead woman, including her mother, brother, several nephews and nieces. Deceased also bequeathed $7000 to schools and charitable institutions. This is one of the clauses of the will: "Should any one of the legatees contest or attempt to contest this, my last will and testament, or prevent in any way its probate, may the curse of God descend upon them, and in such a case I direct that the share or shares of this one so contesting, or attempting to contest, shall be revoked, and in such event I give and devise the sums and property bequeathed to the one or ones so contesting or attempting to contest this my last will and testament, to the German hospital of New York."

Travelling With the Cholera.

Monmouth, Ills., April 15.—Passengers at the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy depot here yesterday morning were panic-stricken on hearing that a man who had symptoms of Asiatic cholera was lying in the waiting-room, awaiting a train going to the west. A lady accompanying him was the authority for the statement that he was affected with the dread Asiatic plague. He was unable to walk, or even sit up, and had to be carried into the car. The man came to Monmouth from some station north of here and was on his way west. The greatest excitement prevailed among the citizens.

Murderer Graves Will Escape.

Denver, Colo., April 15.—Dr. Thatcher Graves, who was convicted for the murder of Mrs. Barnaby, of Providence, R.I., will go free. The county commissioners to-day refused to appropriate funds to defray the expenses of witnesses who are now in the east. District Attorney Steele says it will be almost impossible to again try Graves, as he has no funds to proceed with. The former trial cost James H. Conrad, son-in-law of Mrs. Barnaby, $10,000, and he will have nothing to do with the prosecution.

Hermit Weed's Effects.

Norwalk, Conn., April 15.—Dr. Wm. French of Norton took the books and papers of the late hermit, William B. Weed, who died in squalor last week. They were found hidden away in the house. The bank books show that Weed had about $11,000 on deposit, divided in many savings banks. He owned stock in six different national banks in Norwalk and Bridgeport to the value of about $5,000 and certificates show that he had railroad stocks and mortgages, the market value of which is over $4,000. The securities represent in all about $20,000 of personal property but no trace of a will has been discovered. Weed was heard to declare on several occasions that he would never leave a dollar to any of his relatives. Weed's father is remembered by several of the old inhabitants of Norwalk, where he preached in the Congregational church. There are four branches of Weed's relatives in Norwalk, Schenectady, Stamford and Canada respectively who claim the estate.

Paid the Extreme Penalty.

Columbia, S.C., April 15.—Jas. G. Bradley, colored, was hanged at Bennettsville yesterday for the murder of L. D. Taylor, a white man, on the night of August 6th, 1892. Bradley and Henry Smith, another negro, were convicted of the crime, but in the case of Smith the jury recommended him to the mercy of the court, which caused his sentence to be commuted to life imprisonment. Taylor, who came here from Pennsylvania, was sitting at the water tank, near the depot, on the night of the murder, in company with a woman. Someone out in the darkness fired six shots at him, the last one killing him. On the gallows Bradley made a confession stating that his true name was Henry Perry and that he was an escaped convict. He said he barely knew Taylor, and fired only to frighten him.

Great Mine Fire.

Deadwood, S. D., April 15.—The underground workings of the Deadwood mine, one of the great Homestake group, is on fire and burning fiercely. The fire started in the 200-foot level, and it is feared will eat its way to the workings of the other mines, which are all connected. It is impossible to flood the mine as the fire is on the 200-foot level, and there are four levels lower, making a depth of 400 feet, with works running in all directions. Miners are at work closing, when the gas and smoke will permit, these connections to the other mines; they are relieved by fresh gangs every hour. All the mines and mills of the group are stopped and 1000 men are idle. If the fire eats away the timber supports in the immense slopes of the chambers, several acres of surface, part of which is densely settled, will cave in, entailing large losses of property. The managers are doing all in their power to extinguish the flames, but they have a terrible fight. Two or three hundred men are at work, but they make little headway, being driven back by gas and smoke. Dense volumes of smoke and gas are pouring from the big shaft. People who live over the mine are preparing to move. They are not much excited, having faith in the management. A large number were overcome by gas and smoke, but no one was seriously injured.

Behring Sea Arbitration.

Paris April 14.—Sir Charles Russell, counsel for Great Britain, in replying to Mr. Carter's remarks upon pelagic sealing, said that Britain had a contrary opinion.

Mr. Carter replied that in that case the judgment of Chief Justice Cockburn must be upset, as he upheld the theory referred to.

After further argument the court adjourned until Tuesday. Hereafter the stenographic reporting of the proceedings of the court will devolve upon Great Britain alone, the United States declining to share the responsibility.

London, April 14.—In response to questions in the House of Commons this evening, Sir Edward Gray, Parliamentary Secretary to the Foreign Office, said that the stenographic report of the proceedings of the Behring Sea court of arbitration bore no official character; but was simply for the convenience of the arbitrators and the counsel. He added that only the proceedings formally recorded in the protocols would be presented to Parliament.

Got Drunk During Lent.

Quebec, April 15.—In the revenue case before the police magistrate yesterday, the judge ordered the immediate arrest of a witness named Michaud, who had sworn that he had drunk no liquor during last Lent, when the police proved that they had arrested him for drunkenness more than once during that period. Two unlicensed sellers were each fined $120 and costs.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

THE BELGIAN RIOTERS.

Desperate Struggles Between the Strikers and the Police.

ANOTHER REVOLT IN SOUTH AMERICA

People of Ecuador Refuse to Pay Taxes--Socialism in Holland--Parnellites and Anti-Parnellites Still at War--A Royal Major-General.

Brussels, April 14.—The police made an attempt this evening to disperse an enormous crowd outside the people's hall. The crowd resisted stubbornly, and many workmen were wounded. Great crowds afterwards gathered in various parts of the city. Tradesmen became panic stricken and closed their shops. Mounted gendarmes made repeated charges in the crowds in front of the town hall and old Coin Exchange. Many people were seriously injured by being trampled under the horses' feet. A mob in the Rue de Lavoilette extinguished all the street lamps and attacked the police in the dark. A number of shots were exchanged and some blood was shed. Several newspapers have been compelled to suspend publication because their compositors have joined the strikers. Most of the theatres have closed their doors. The entire civic guard has been ordered under arms and the regular troops are confined to their barracks in readiness for an emergency. A feeling of dread prevails everywhere. It is somewhat lessened, however, by the belief that the rioters would have no chance against an armed force. Reports of disorders continue to come in from the provinces. A veritable battle was fought in Louvain to-day. The gendarmes became powerless to cope with the strikers, and the authorities had to call on the troops to preserve order. The Knights of Labor at Charleroi have ordered an immediate general strike. During the rioting in one of the streets of this city to-night, the occupants of a certain wine shop pelted the gendarmes ordered to arrest the inmates, who forced an entrance into the shop, dealing out blows indiscriminately with their rifles, while other gendarmes stood at the door and struck with their swords those who tried to escape; many of the inmates received serious wounds and nine were taken to the hospital. A dispatch received this evening from Liege says that the strike there has ended and that all the mines are now fully manned. A desperate encounter took place to-night between strikers and police at Wasmuet near Mons. Twenty-seven of the strikers were arrested.

REVOLUTION IN ECUADOR.

The Morlista Party Rise in Arms Against the Government.

Panama, Colombia, April 15.—Passengers arriving here from Ecuador say that the trouble arising from the refusal of the peasants in the states of Chimborazo and Esmeralda to pay tithes, has assumed formidable proportions. The basis of the trouble is an objection to the assessment of property for compulsory tithe-payments.

The movement to overthrow President Coraero was started by 2000 mountaineers, but it was blamed upon the Morlista party. When tht rumore of discontent were first circulated Morlista offered services and they were accepted. He was then chosen leader of the movement. Many generals of the Liberal party have also joined the revolution, and it is rumored that Eloy Alfaro, a noted Ecuadoran general, has fitted out a warship and placed it at the disposal of the new party. The ship is said to be well armed and thoroughly manned, and it is reported will soon arrive at Guayaquil. He has made several attempts to overthrow the legitimate government, but never succeeded. The revolters assert that they expect the officers in Guayaquil will declare in favor of the revolution when Alfaro's ship arrives there. It is also reported that 2000 soldiers of the garrison in Quito have deserted and joined the revolters. The Morlistas have received 2000 rifles.

In the Guayaquil papers the following decree has been published; "I, Louis Coraero, president of the republic, considering that public order has been disturbed in the provinces of Chimborazo and Esmeralda, do decree that the troops of the army stationed in the provinces named are declared under arms." The minister of war is charged with the enforcement of this decree.

The Bedford Property.

London, April 14.—If the tale that the Duke of Bedford died intestate be true, the Duchess will profit very largely, and it will be almost impossible to prove what are and what are not heirlooms. The Russell jewels are not very valuable, the only ones of note being some ancient pearls and a fine amethyst necklace. The Dukes of Bedford possess, like the Queen, a complete service of gold. When the present Duke's father entertained Royalty in London, this was brought from Woburn in the custody of a small army of servants.

Major-General Connaught.

London, April 14.—It is now pretty well settled that the Duke of Connaught will take up the duties of the Aldershot command on Oct. 1. Since he became major-general twelve years ago his promotion has gone on by strict regularity, as it was his particular wish that it should. The manoeuvres are to come off this year in September. There will be a concentration of some 32,000 troops. General Sir Evelyn Wood is taking a great interest in the work of preparation.

Dutch Socialists.

Amsterdam, April 14.—The Socialists in this city have recently been making nightly attempts to hold a demonstration in front of the Royal Palace. Night after night their plans have been frustrated by the police, but they succeeded in gathering in force this evening while a reception was being held in the palace. The Socialists were ordered by the police to disperse, but they refused to move. The police then charged the crowd with drawn swords. Several persons were wounded.

Customs Corruption Charged.

New York, April 14.—The Dry Goods Chronicle makes a serious charge of corruption on a large scale in the revenue service. The general charge is—First—That there exists in the appraiser's office of New York a combination of officials acting in collusion with importers to defraud the government by undervaluing imported merchandise. Second—That the active instruments of corruption, namely, certain examiners in the appraiser's office, are protected and supported by higher officials. The third charge is that this protection and support is extended by the superior officials to their subordinates in the full knowledge of their dishonesty and corruption. In support of its three general charges the Dry Goods Chronicle makes a dozen specific charges, accompanying them with letters, figures and statements. The gist of these charges is that a prominent silk importing firm, with the connivance of customs officials, has systematically for a number of years profited by the extensive undervaluations.

THE COUP D'ETAT.

Alexander of Servia's Precocity Startles Friends and Foes.

Belgrade, April 15.—The details of the Servian coup d'etat were carried out with remarkable swiftness and simplicity. The regents and the cabinet ministers responded to an invitation to dine in the old palace last evening. Eight were seated at dinner, the King presiding. After the third course the King rose and said to the regents: "Gentlemen—For four years you, in my name, have administered the kingly power. I thank you heartily for the trouble you have taken. I now feel able to administer the power myself, and will exercise it from this moment. I beg you, therefore, immediately to hand me your resignations." M. Ristics replied that he could not and would not comply with the King's request, which was contrary to the constitution. The King thereupon left the room and sent an aide de camp to demand the resignations of the ministers. As they all remained obdurate, he ordered them to leave the old palace and go to the new palace to pass the night. In the morning they were conveyed to their residences under guard. To-night the King's assumption to power was celebrated with a torchlight procession and general illumination.

When King Alexander announced the dismissal of the regents and ministers, Regent Belimarkovich rushed up to the King and violently protested against the King's action. M. Tohirich, the King's aide, interfered, and a violent passage-at-arms ensued between them and the officers. M. Dokitch, the new Prime Minister, was King Alexander's tutor.

Vienna, April 15.—The Neue Freie Presse exprsses confidence that the Servian coup d'etat will have no serious consequences. Austria, it is said, has no reason to disapprove the action of the young king, who was influenced by his parents and not by Russia.

Buda Pesth, April 15.—Ex-King Milan passed through this city this afternoon en route to Belgrade.

London, April 15.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says the wording of King Alexander's proclamation is quite in the style of ex-King Milan, and the fact that the army supported the coup d'etat affords further proof of Milan's prompting Alexander, the military having always been loyal to the ex-King. There is good reason to regard the coup d'etat as a salutary issue from a critical and dangerous situation, the regents having interpreted the constitution in a arbitrary sense by turning the elections in favor of the Liberals. There is no doubt that the country was rapidly drifting into civil war.

His Terrible Crime.

Rockville, Md., April 15.—William Pond was hanged at 1:10 o'clock this afternoon, and was pronounced dead in eight minutes. The body was cut down at 1:30 p.m. He murdered and outraged the body of Margaret Cephas found near this city on Monday, Nov. 23rd, 1891. Circumstances pointed to Pond as the criminal, and he was arrested and indicted. The testimony presented on trial showed that Margaret had last been seen when returning from church on Sunday afternoon. Pond was drunk and was found following the woman. The body and the ground around where it was found indicated that a terrible struggle had taken place. The defence offered no testimony, but claimed that the woman died of epilepsy. A verdict of guilty was rendered and a new trial denied. Numbers of petitions were sent to the governor pleading for commutation, but he saw no reason to interfere.

Deserted His Bride.

San Francisco, April 15.—It was learned to-day that Peter Goldstone, who disappeared the night before last, after inducing his bride of three weeks to sign a check for $2000, which he cashed, left the city with a woman named Water. He had been courting the latter previous to meeting the young woman he married on ascertaining that she possessed some money.

Embezzled a Fortune.

San Francisco, April 15.—Jas. W. Floor late cashier of the Donohue Kelly Banking Co., who is under arrest on a charge of embezzling $164,000 of the bank's funds was in the police court this morning, but owing to the absence of his attorney, W. W. Foote, the case was continued until next Thursday. Floor was ordered into the custody of the sheriff until two o'clock this afternoon, when his bail of $20,000 will be ratified.

Healy Still Cordially Hated.

London, April 14.—Despite all that has been said to the contrary, those who are well informed state that anti-Parnellites have not made it up after the squabbles over the organ of their faction. The hatred of Mr. Healy is as strong as ever, and the animosity of his few supporters to his many opponents is as bitter as ever. Mr. Blake and Mr. Davitt are said to be weary of these bickerings. The latter is tiring of the role of peace maker, and may take the offer of an Australian trip to restore his health, which has been bad all through the session, and Mr. Blake is believed to mean to carry out his intention of returning to Canada sooner than he expected.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

George Hiseler and Co., hats and caps, Halifax, have assigned, with liabilities of $3000.

John Milne and Sons' planing mill at Huntsville was burned. Loss, $12,000; insurance, $8000.

Storey's carpenter shop and Latourney's carriage works at Kingston were destroyed by fire. Loss, $1300.

Rev. J. B. Silcox, of Oakland, Cal., has accepted a call to Emanuel Congregational church in Montreal.

Sam Hughes, M.P., who invented a new ventilator for railway and street cars, has received a large sum for his patent.

A fire in Colman's salt block at Seaforth destroyed eight buildings. Two firemen were seriously injured by falling timbers. Loss, $3000.

W. R. Meredith was the principal speaker at the Young Men's Liberal-Conservative Club banquet in Toronto. Many members of the Opposition in the Legislature were present, besides a host of other guests.

David Preston, mechanical superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway works in Montreal, died from blood poisoning, produced by the use of a solution applied to a corn. He was over sixty years of age.

At the annual meeting of the Dominion Cotton Mill's Co., in Montreal, the statement showed the value of the company's output to be $320,000. The company now owns eleven mills, ten of which are in operation.

Isaac Wallace, of Sarnia, defeated Henry Smith of Petrolia in a wood-sawing contest for $100 a side, door receipts and the championship of Canada. He cut a cord, one cut to each stick, in fifty-three and a half minutes.

At the trial of Anderson Veney, who murdered his wife in September last at Amherstburg, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty and recommending him to mercy. The judge passed sentence that he be hanged on May 18 next, and stated that the papers would be sent to the Government for consideration.

Mr. Larke, World's Fair commissioner, says the Canadian department is better advanced than those of other countries. The fair cannot possibly be in readiness by May 1. About thirty officials have been appointed on the Canadian staff of the World's Fair, every province except British Columbia being represented.

Tenders inviting artists to submit models for a statue to Sir John Macdonald, to be erected on the Parliament grounds, Ottawa, will be called for in a few days. The statue is to be of bronze, nine feet high, the models to be one-fourth that size. Artists whose model is accepted will receive a premium of $500, the next in order of merit $300, and the next $200.

An action for libel has been brought against the Montreal Gazette by J. C. Langelier. When Barwick, of Toronto, appeared before the committee of the Canadian Senate and stated that $75,000 had gone to Pacaud and Langelier, the Gazette reported the name, and now Langelier contends that defendants had no right to publish these allegations, as they were brought out in the House.

A Quebec Government employee named Mailloux fled to New York some time ago to escape prosecution by the Government for some misdeed. A detective arranged with him to return and make a clean breast of his misdeeds, which action it was understood would lead to the arrest of some prominent person. He did return to his family at River du Loup, and was to go to Quebec when wanted, but has again disappeared.

The supreme court has upheld the Dominion Government's contention that it is entitled to the 60 per cent. rebate which the city of Toronto allows to its water users who pay taxes, notwithstanding that it does not pay taxes. This decision gives all property—church and government—exempt from taxation, the benefit of the water rebate, and means a loss of $23,000 a year to the city. The case will likely be carried to the privy council.

A demonstration was held by the Macdonald club at Kingston. Among the speakers were Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Sir Adolphe Caron, Hon. John Costigan, Hon. T. M. Daly and the Controller of Inland Revenue. Mr. Bowell dealt with Dalton McCarthy at some length, charging him with forsaking his party, and stating that he could not believe Sir John Macdonald told Mr. McCarthy that he was under French domination and that he must get relief.

DEATHLY FEELINGS!

Debility and Weakness After an Attack of La Grippe!

"Under a Kind Providence I Am Indebted to Paine's Celery Compound for My Life."

MRS. C. M. HERSEY.

Mrs. C. M. Hersey, a most estimable lady, living in Hawkesbury, Ont., owes her life to the healing and fortifying powers of Paine's Celery Compound. Mrs. Hersey's condition for a time was alarming, and called for very careful and sure treatment. The use of the Compound saved a valuable life. Read the following letter:

"Early in January last I had a severe attack of la grippe, which, however, soon yielded to prompt treatment. I was only confined to my bed for three or four days, and congratulated myself on having recovered in so brief a time. As the days rolled on, however, I found I was, day by day, growing weaker, till by the last of the month I was unable to walk acrossthe room without availing myself of the help of every chair, table and door, to keep from falling. About the last week in January I commenced taking your Paine's Celery Compound according to directions, and by the time the bottle was finished, I was feeling as well as usual, but in a few days I found myself running down again with such deathly feelings coming over me at times, as no words can describe. I then procured a second and third bottle, with results as before. The last bottle, however, I took in smaller doses, and less frequently, so that when spring came on, I discontinued it entirely. Having part of a bottle left, I am now taking it occasionally as a sedative, to procure quiet sleep, which I find very effective. I have no hesitation in saying that under a kind Providence, I am indebted to your Paine's Celery Compound for my life, and the comparatively good health I now enjoy."

Respectfully,
MRS. C. M. HERSEY.

Diarrhoea and dysentery are perhaps the most common of our everyday ills, and every person nearly has some special cure of their own. Our's is Perry Davis' Pain-Killer, and having used it for many years we can confidently recommend it. Get big bottle 25c.

Fort Sheppard

The City of Kootenay Land and Improvement Company, Limited, will open an office at 26 Fort street, in the Five Sisters block, on the 1st of March, next, when a limited number of lots in the town of Fort Sheppard will be offered for sale.

Garden hose at McLennan & McFeely's

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads, color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office.

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best hefiield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

Garden tools at McLennan & McFeely's.

Distinguished Diners.

Kingston, Ont., April 14.—Those who have accepted invitations and will attend to-night's Conservative banquet are Sir A. P. Caron, Hon. Senator Howland, N. Clarke Wallace, Hon. John Costigan, John F. Wood, Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Hon. A. R. Angers, Dr. Montague, Dr. Bergin, H. Corby, A. Northup and Uriah Wilson.

Home Rule Funds Forwarded.

New York, April 14.—Mr. Eugene Kelly, treasurer of the national federation of America, subscribes $1000 to the home rule fund and has cabled through Eugene Kelly and Company $10,000 to Hon. Justin McCarthy, M.P., for the use of the Irish Parliamentary party. He hopes subscribers will promptly remit their subscriptions to enable him to send a like amount next week.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttu&w

Columbian Naval Review.

Fortress Monroe, Va., April 11.—The thick weather here last night began to clear this morning and at 9 o'clock the fleet got under way, with the Newark flying the flag of Rear Admiral Benham in view. She was followed by the Chicago, Baltimore, San Francisco, Atlanta, Charleston, Concord, Yorktown and Vesuvius. The Philadelphia, and the dispatch boat Cushing remained in the roads. The new practice ship Bancroft was observed coming from New York at 9 o'clock, and passed the fleet down the bay. She reached the roads at 9:30 and anchored a short distance west of the flagship.

Mrs. M. E. Merrick,
Of Toronto, Ontario, Cured of

Catarrh and Neuralgia

Good authority has said that "neuralgia is the cry of the nerves for pure blood." The prompt action of Hood's Sarsaparilla on the blood, combined with its toning and strengthening effect upon the nerves, make this a grand medicine for neuralgia and also for catarrh, etc. We commend this letter to all having such troubles, and especially to

Suffering Women

"For a good many years I have been suffering from catarrh, neuralgia and

General Debility

I failed to obtain permanent relief from medical advice, and my friends feared I would never find anything to cure me. A short time ago I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. At that time I was unable to walk even a short distance without feeling a

Death-like Weakness

overtake me. And I had intense pains from neuralgia in my head, back and limbs, which were very exhausting. But I am glad to say that soon after I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I saw that it was doing me good. When I took 3 bottles I was entirely

Cured of Neuralgia

I gained in strength rapidly, and can take a two-mile walk without feeling tired. I do not suffer nearly so much from catarrh, and find that as my strength increases the catarrh decreases. I am indeed a changed woman, and am very grateful to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

for what it has done for me. It is my wish that this my testimonial shall be published in order that others suffering as I was may learn how to be benefited." MRS. M. E. MERRICK, 57 Elm Street, Toronto, Ont.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

The C. & J. Pneumatic Tire

It is the only Tire that gave satisfaction last year

MANUFACTURED BY

THE GOOLD BICYCLE CO. LTD.

113 YONGE ST., TORONTO Brantford, Ont.

Tamilkande reminds you of the tea of thirty years ago.

GILLETT'S

PURE POWDERED 100%

LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 30 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

WITH the advent of Spring comes the rain and sleet, and inclement weather generally. Then comes the antidote—

Currie's Coats.

Double Texture Perfect Proofed Scotch Tweed

They cannot get soaked through like the so-called proofed cloth coats, which after one wetting and drying shrink all out of shape.

Then CURRIE'S WATERPROOFS cost only half the price of these chemically proofed garments. 2-ws

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESFUL MEDICINE OF 20 YEARS TESTIMONIAL cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Before. After. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-1y

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH For sale b LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. mneo17 1y.

Complete Manhood

AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

A Medical Work that Tells the Causes, Describes the Effects, Points the Remedy.

Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Subjects treated:—

Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers,

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

TRADE MARK

BIG CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. *The Universal American Cure.* Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

PRICE $1.00

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

An Atlantic Voyage

Tickets for passage to or from Great Britain and Europe issued at LOWEST RATES. Berths reserved by telegraph without extra charge.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,

AGENTS,

Cunard, Inman and White Star Steamship Lines

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted on and after this date without my written order.

F. WARREN.

Victoria April 3rd, 1893. ap2-1m

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.

oct23 tf W. P. SAYWARD.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.

ALBANY, OREGON.

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE

Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collecor at th expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893.'

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. In. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, M.C.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

No. 11 Rae Street.

Applications to be made at the Home or to MRS. D. W. HIGGINS Cadboro Bay Road.

A NORWOOD MIRACLE.

HEALTH REGAINED AFTER SEVEN DOCTORS FAILED.

The Remarkable Experience of Mr. John Slater Knox—Two Hours Sleep all the Benefit Derived From Six Weeks Medical Treatment—Rescue From Suffering Came After the Doctors Had Pronounced His Case Hopeless.

(Norwood Register.)

The readers of the Register will remember having read in this paper during the early part of this year of the very serious illness of Mr. John Slater Knox, who lives on lot 20, in the 3rd concession of Asphodel township. They will remember how in January, 1892, Mr. Knox was stricken down with la grippe, how from a man of about 185 pounds he fell away in flesh in a few short weeks until he was a mere skeleton of his former self, weighing only 120 pounds; how he was racked with the most excruciating pain; how he longed for death to relieve him of his suffering; how he consulted doctors near and far, and how they failed to successfully diagnose his case. In fact they confessed their ignorance of his malady and said he could not recover. But so much for the profession. Mr. Knox is alive to-day. He has recovered his wonted vigor and weighs 180 pounds, and his many friends in Norwood look upon him in wonder. Of course Mr. Knox is questioned on every hand about his recovery, as to what magic influence he owes his increase in flesh, and his answer to each interrogation is "Dr. William's Pink Pills did it," and he is never too busy to extol the merits of his now world famous remedy. This is what he said to a reporter of the Norwood Register the other day when asked about his illness and wonderful cure:—"I will tell you all about it. In January, 1892, I had la grippe, which was prevalent at that time. It settled into pains in the calves of my legs. I was drawing lumber at the time and thought it was caused by sitting on the load and allowing my legs to hang down. I consulted a doctor in the matter, who told me it was rheumatism. He treated me, but did me no good but I kept getting worse daily. Altogether I have had seven doctors in attendance but none of them seemed to know what my ailment was. Some said it was rheumatism others that my nerves were diseased, one said locomotor ataxia, and another inflammation of the spinal cord, another inflammation of the outer lining of the spinal cord, and still another said neuralgia of the nerves. I did not sleep for six weeks and no drug administered by the medical men could deaden the pain or make me slumber. I will just say this: at the end of that time some narcotic administered made me doze for a couple of hours, and that was all the relief I received from the disciples of Esculapius. They said that I could not recover, and really I had given up hope myself. My pain was so intense I wanted to die to be relieved of my suffering. From a weight of 184 pounds I had dropped to 120. I was a skeleton compared with my former self. I had often read in the Register of Dr. William's Pink Pills, but did not think of taking the remedy. About this time my father purchased some from Dr. Moffatt, druggist, Norwood, and bringing them to me requested me to take them. They remained in the house perhaps a couple of weeks before I commenced taking them, and then I must confess I had not much faith in their efficacy. Before I had finished taking the first box I felt a little better, and when I had taken two boxes I was convinced that the Pink Pills were doing me good; in fact that they were doing for me what seven doctors had failed to do—they were effect a cure. I felt so much better after having taken three boxes of Pink Pills that I ceased taking them, but I had not fully recovered and had to resume, and I then continued taking them until now I am as hale a man as you will meet in a day's travel. I am positive that this happy result has been brought about by the use of Dr. William's Pink Pills. I recommend them to my neighbors and my friends as I am thoroughly convinced of their great curative properties. There is a case a short distance from my place of a man, who has been a cripple for some time, recovering after taking 8 boxes of Pink Pills. In December last I could only manage to lift a bag of oats, now I can toss a bag of peas unto a load with ease. Isn't that gaining strength? At one period since I began taking Pink Pills I gained 30 pounds in six weeks. To-day I feel as well as ever I did in my life. I have been skidding logs in the bush all winter and can do a day's work with any of them. I believe it my duty to say a good word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills whenever I can."

"I hear you are making preparations to build a house, Mr. Knox," said the reporter.

"Yes," replied Mr. Knox laughingly. "I am about building a house and barn, which I think will demonstrate that I am trying to enjoy my renewed lease of life." Calling on Dr. Moffatt, druggist, The Register reporter asked him if he knew of Mr. Knox's case, and that that gentleman ascribed his cure to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"Yes," replied the doctor, "I have been talking to Mr. Knox and his is certainly a most remarkable cure. But speaking of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills reminds me of the wonderful sale they are having in and about Norwood. I buy a hundred dollars' worth at a time and my orders are not few. I sell more Pink Pills than any other medicine and always hear good reports of them." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer, curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration, and the tired feeling arising therefrom, the after effects of la grippe, influenza and severe colds, diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions, and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over work or excesses of any nature.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N.Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trademark and wrapper, at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. The public are also cautioned against all other so-called blood builders and nerve tonics, no matter what name may be given them. They are all imitations whose makers hope to reap a pecuniary advantage from the wonderful reputation achieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Ask your dealer for Pink Pills for Pale People, and refuse all imitations and substitutes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address. The price which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

MY PHILOSOPHY.

I ain' ner don't p'tend to be
Much posted on philosophy;
But there is times when all alone,
I work out ideas of my own.
And of these same there is a few
I'd like to jest refer to you
Pervidin' that you don't object
To listen clos't and rickollect.

I allus argy that a man
Who does about the best he can
Is plenty good enough to suit
This lower mundane institute;
No matter of his daily walk
Is subject fer his neighbors' talk,
And critic minds of ev'ry whim
Jest all get up and go fer him.

I knowed a feller one't that had
The yaller janders mighty bad,
And each and ev'ry friend he'd meet
Would stop and give him some receet
For curin' of 'em. But he'd say
He kind o' thought they'd go away
Without no medicine, and boast
That'd get well without one dose.

He kep' a yallern' on, and they
Perdictin' that he'd die some day
Before he knowed it! Tuck his bed
The feller did, and lost his head,
And wandered in his mind a spell,
Then rallied, and at last got well;
But ev'ry friend that said he'd die
Went back on him eternally.

It's nachural enough, I guess,
When some gets more and some gets less
For them 'uns on the slimmest side
To claim it ain't a fair divide;
And I've knowed some to lay in wait
And get up soon and set up late,
To ketch some fellow they would hate
Fer goin' at a faster gait.

The signs is bad when folks commence
A findin' fault with Providence,
And balkin' 'cause the world don't shake
At ev'ry prancin' step they take.
No man is great till he can see
How less than little he would be
Ef stripped to self, and stark and bare
He hung his sign out anywhere.

My doctoren is to lay aside
Contentions and be satisfied;
Jest do your best, and praise er blame
That follers that count just the same.
I've allus noticed great success
Is mixed with troubles more or less,
And it's the man who does the best
That gits more kicks than all the rest.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

COLONIST AND SINGLE TAX.

To the Editor:—The hearts of all Single Tax men are filled with dismay. At last and after many threatening growls, his courage screwed to the sticking point by the example of the Post-Intelligencer, the angry editor of the morning paper has come down on us with a full column swoop and crushed us to earth. It is possible that like Truth we may rise again, or may even walk, in our own poor feeble way, but always with the burden of those scathing utterances upon our shoulders:—"The most conceited and irascible of theorists," "the Pharisees of political economy," "most intolerant of controversialists."

And yet there may be hope for us still. There is yet time for us to become good citizens and honest men, if we fly from the blandishments of the wicked George, and hearken unto the teachings of the Colonist. George is a robber. The Single Tax is a system of wholesale robbery. The present economical system is honest and just. Single Tax hopes, by putting all taxes upon land, to reach a point where the tax will equal the full rental value of land. That value which is caused, not by the efforts of the land owner but by the combined efforts of God and the whole working world.

The Single Tax men are robbers. They would take this value produced by God the giver and man the worker, and spend it for the benefit of man, man at large, the man to whom it rightly belongs, not the present holder of the soil alone. But our existing economists are honest; they will tax land, a little; they will tax improvement, and trade, and labor, art, science, literature. All will be hampered by heavy taxes—taxes which are taken from the hands of the producers by clumsy and costly methods, only to be spent in maintaining other expensive branches of our collecting system.

The before mentioned editor will scarcely dare to claim that our present taxes are founded on any logical code of ethics. He knows, as we all know, that the only questions asked by those who have the making of our laws in regard to taxation are: "Is it practicable?" "Can we apply this tax, and collect it without getting into trouble?" And then "will it pay?". Sometimes one will ask "Is it right?" But he is a crank or a Pharisee.

Again, the editor knows, or should know before wasting his time in writing leaders on the subject, that the single tax is, or claims to be, founded on ethics. The first question taken up by the student of Single Tax must be the question of right or wrong. If he finds the theory wrong, if one logical, clear headed man can find the theory of Single Tax to be founded on wrong principles, according to the law of God and nature, then we are all in the darkness yet and must look for some other way to improve the present state of things. But if he finds it to be founded on right and truth, he can, with a clear conscience follow it out to its conclusion, whether or no it seems to harm some portion of the community.

But this is idle talk—we are robbers, the others are honest. They tax, and we would tax. They tax right and left without regarding any laws but those of their own making. We would tax according to the laws of nature.

Their tax—reckless, indiscriminate and illogical, is a tax. Our tax—simple, straightforward and logical, is robbery. And the name of Herbert Spencer is quoted as having settled the whole question by saying "Rubbish."

Whether the editor is ignorant or dishonest, or both, in using Mr. Spencer as an authority against Single Tax, I do not know. I hope he is only ignorant. I will not trespass on the good nature of your paper by taking up the space that would be required to give a fair specimen of Mr. Spencer's writings on the land question, but if any of your readers who are interested in the subject would read Henry George's latest work "A Perplexed Philosopher," they will wonder at the Colonist's audacity in mentioning Herbert Spencer's name.

ONE OF THE PHARISEES.
Victoria, April 14.

Trusts and Combinations

Are unpopular, but there is one form of trust against which no one has anything to say. That is the trust which the public reposes in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the best of it is the trust is fully justified by the merit of the medicine. For, remember, Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

If you only knew how nice it is--Tamilkande Tea.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. 11s&w

"Canada for the Canadians."

"Canada for the Canadians." That is a good cry! You can build up good citizens, good ships and railways, and great commercial prosperity upon that cry.

Some people think if a thing only comes to them from a great distance it must be better than the same thing at home. Distance fosters illusions. The truth that a prophet hath no honor in his own country still has application. Berlin, or London, or Paris, sounds so much grander than Montreal. So some people think! Not sensible people! Foolish people who think that big names make the thing better and lend dignity to their position.

Common sense will have ultimate triumph.

Common sense has achieved a signal victory in one particular.

Ladies' Wraps were always expensive. They have always been imported. The duty and the glamor of distance, and the imposing sound of big cities, gave them a high price and great vogue.

Why not make Ladies' Wraps here in Canada?

That thought occurred to the proprietors of MELISSA. They should perhaps, have been seized with it earlier, for their success with the Men's Coats had been immediate and great. Would the loyal women of Canada not buy an article which was a necessity with them, made right at their doors, if that article was a good deal better than the article which came from a long distance?

It was an experiment, but from the moment the skilled artists which the manufacturers of MELISSA employed got to work, and showed specimens of their craft, success was assured.

So then, ladies, in every city and town and village of the Dominion, you can buy wraps for yourselves and children, more tasteful, more truly artistic in finish, more stylish and fastidious in outline than any that have been imported.

There was a need for the MELISSA in Ladies' Wraps. They had to put up with unsightly rubber garments, much to their discomfort, but they have now perfect fit, with infinite variety of shade and grace, and, not least, absolute protection from the rain, in garments which it will be a pride to wear, and at prices which put them within easy reach.

Here is a new departure, a patriotic enterprise worthy of support for the sake of that national solidarity which the politicians talk about, but chiefly worthy because of its intrinsic merit.

Travellers will soon be on the road with Fall samples.

Designs, patterns and every other information furnished on application.

Special attention given to letter orders.

THE MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO,
MONTREAL.

J. W. MACKEDIE & CO.,
MONTREAL,
Wholesale Agents for the Dominion.

ap8-11-15-18

WONDER IN WELLAND!

A Representative Farmer Speaks.

MR. C. C. HAUN.

The following remarkable facts are fully certified to as being undeniably correct in every particular. Mr. Haun is well known in the vicinity, having resided here over fifty years, and is highly respected as a man of the strictest honor, whose word is as good as his bond.

As will be seen from his letter, four physicians had attended him, and it was only after he had given up hope of cure that he decided to try Burdock Blood Bitters on the recommendation of a neighbor who had been cured of a similar disease by its use. Mr. Haun writes as follows:

DEAR SIRS,—I think I have been one of the worst sufferers you have yet heard of, having been six years in the hands of four of our best doctors without obtaining permanent relief, but continually growing worse, until almost beyond hope of recovery, I tried your Bitters and got relief in a few days. Every organ of my body was deranged, the liver enlarged, hardened and torpid, the heart and digestive organs seriously deranged, a large abscess in my back, followed by paralysis of the right leg, in fact the lower half of my body was entirely useless. After using Burdock Blood Bitters for a few days the abscess burst, discharging fully five quarts of pus in two hours. I felt as if I had received a shock from a powerful battery. My recovery after this was steady and the cure permanent, seeing that for the four years since I have had as good health as ever I had. I still take an occasional bottle, not that I need it but because I wish to keep my system in perfect working order. I can think of no more remarkable case than what I have myself passed through, and no words can express my thankfulness for such perfect recovery.

C. C. HAUN,
Welland P.O.

In this connection the following letter from T. Cumines, Esq., a leading druggist of Welland, Ont., speaks for itself; Messrs. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been personally acquainted with Mr. C. C. Haun for the last 20 years, and have always found him a very reliable man. You may place the utmost confidence in anything he says with regard to your medicine. He has on many occasions within the last four years told me that it was marvellous the way the Burdock Blood Bitters had cured him, and that he now felt as able to do a day's work as he ever felt in his life. Although quite well he still takes some B. B. B. occasionally, as he says, to keep him in perfect health.

Yours truly,
THOMAS CUMINES,
Welland, Ont.

The steadily increasing sale of B. B. B., the length of time it has been before the people, and the fact that it cures to stay cured, attest the sterling merit of this monarch of medicines, the people's favorite blood purifier, tonic and regulator.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES:
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the public.

New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON, Manager for Province of B. C.
OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B. C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP	£600,000	$2,920,000.
RESERVE FUND	£260,000	$1,265,333.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 2½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business.

Victoria, B C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets
VICTORIA, B. C.

A BY-LAW

WHEREAS it is expedient to raise a sum of money to provide for the construction of certain main surface drains in the city of Victoria as follows:

Work Estate,

View street and branches,

Spring Ridge and Fernwood road,

Cook street and branches,

Michigan and Superior streets,

Oswego street,

Menzies street,

North and South Pandora streets,

Victoria West,

And other necessary drains not specified.

AND WHEREAS the estimated cost of such works is $125,000.

AND WHEREAS for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the city the sum of $125,000.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of $8,125 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said debt and interest hereinafter mentioned.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the corporation of the city of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1892, was $18,749,125.

AND WHEREAS it will require an annual special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar for the payment of the interest and for creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said new debt according to the Municipal Act, 1892.

AND WHEREAS it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $125,000 00 currency, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $125,000 00 in currency, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall be made payable in fifty years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the said corporation, in the City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature of the Mayor and of the Clerk of the Corporation respectively to the coupons may be affixed by printed, stamped or lithographed fac simile.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the office of the said treasurer.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the city of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 6. In case of any conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy between the provisions of this by-law and any of the provisions of the Local Improvement By-law, 1892, as amended by By-law No. 178, entitled, "A By-law to amend the Local Improvement By-law, 1892," the provisions of this by-law shall prevail and override any of the provisions of such Local Improvement By-law to the extent of any such conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy, but this by-law shall not be deemed to in any wise repeal, alter or amend such Local Improvement By-law and amendment, except in so far as this by-law is concerned, and then so far only as is necessary to give full force and effect to this by-law.

Sec. 7. This by-law shall before the passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said corporation in a manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, or any amendment thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of May, 1893.

Sec. 8. This by-law may be cited as "The Surface Drains By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of March, 1893.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed the Council on the day of , 1893.

TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Electors will be taken at Burnes' building, Bastion Square, for the Central Ward; at the City Hall, Pandora street, for the North Ward, and at a building situated on the east side of Government street, between Broughton and Courtney streets, and known as No. 27, for the South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday, the eighteenth day of April instant, and that the poll will be kept open between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and four p. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., April 1st, 1893.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Middle aged man for farm work near Victoria. Wages $25 a month and board. Permanent place for suitable man. Apply Bowness & Creeden, on Thursday at 1 o'clock. ap15-3t

WANTED—Agents to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock. We have many new special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory. MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y. ap13-10t

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply to the Matron, Jubilee Hospital. ap13-3t

WANTED—A girl or middle aged woman, to do cooking in a small family. No children. Apply 118 Yates St. ap1 tf

LADY wishes a child to take care of. Charges moderate. Address Mrs. N., Times office. m16-1m

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Pony suitable for boy. Must be sound and quiet. Send particulars and lowest cash price to X., Times office. 13-3t

A MARRIED MAN urgently wants employment in office, or as canvasser or in any capacity whatever. Capable of undertaking any duties. Several years in Victoria. R., Times office. mar28-tf

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants' stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND lives to insure in the Great Western Life Assurance Co. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—Money in large or small sums upon first mortgage by the "Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE CHEAP—188 acres land, 100 acres fenced, 50 acres improved, 12 acres cleared. Houses, orchard, etc. River frontage. Good fishing and hunting. 34 miles from E. & N. R. station, Cowichan. Easy terms. Apply D. Stewart, McPherson's Station, B.C. ap6-swlm

FOR SALE—Plow, harrow and double harness. New last year; price $40. Address J. D., Times Office. ap11 6t

FOR SALE—Banner Oats, for seed. Apply to J. H. Wilson Brown, South Saanich, or Munroe Miller, 77 Johnson St. ap3-tf

FOR SALE—200 acres at Toquart. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mar25 1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m34-tf

FOR SALE—First class cushion tyred safety bicycle, almost new, price $75; also pony cart, built last fall, suitable for small sized pony. Price $80. Apply to Wm. Christie, C. P. R. Telegraph office. m20-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ½ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line, will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric all-tf-d-w

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—New cottages—4 rooms, $7; one larger, with bath, $12. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, 185 Douglas St., or Clarke St., Spring Ridge. ap14-1m

TO LET—8 roomed house (furnished), facing the Park and near car line. Apply at 222 Beacon Hill. ap11-1w

TO LET—Top flat Salmon Building, suitable for Chamber or offices. Every convenience; rent moderate. Apply H. L. Salmon. ap11-tf

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for light housekeeping at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St., James Bay. ap3 tf

TO LET—Suite of rooms for housekeeping to a respectable couple. Stove and water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia Ave. m28-1m

TO LET—Story and a half cottage, South Turner St. Five rooms and bath, garden, etc. Apply Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. mar22-tf

TO LET—A seven roomed dwelling, centrally located. Bath, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad Street. mar7-tf

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med., Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

PHYSICIANS.

H. D. LEITCH, M.D., Physician and Surgeon, Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 430. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 151. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE,
Ernest Hall, M.D., L.R.C.P., Edinburgh, Moorefields Eye Hospital; late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London.
S. N. MacKechnie, M.B., Toronto University. Specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Glasses adjusted to imperfect Vision. Artificial eyes supplied.
Office, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

MRS. R. STEVENSON,
Certificated Midwife.
22 years' practice at Queen Charlotte's Hospital, London, Eng. Address: 71½ Fort St. mar20-1m

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist, Will be at home to patients on and after 1 o'clock p.m. daily at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents—: Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 36 Government Street.

ARCHITECTS

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

MR. ROBERT GEDDES
TEACHER OF GUITAR AND BANJO
Classes or private lessons. Apply at the Conservatory of Music, 97 Quadra street.

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS—By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). m10 1m

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street. Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 156

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O Box 50.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au31yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy28 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 129, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
1-1y E. LAN ERY, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
oct9 R. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
K. C. SMITH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. jul3

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER,
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale m23-1y

WE BEG TO INFORM
Victorians
That we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious store
37 Fort Street,
5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the
Only Opticians
Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.
Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds.
Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.
Note the Change of Address:
F. W. Nolte & Co.,
37 FORT STREET.
(Formerly 27 Fort St.; successors to Hyams.)
☞ We give Oculist's Prescriptions our special attention. Do not let any one tell you that your glasses cannot be ground here. Bring your prescription to us. We guarantee to fill it within 48 hours, and give you work equal in accuracy and finish to any on the American continent.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Very double choice sorts of
Tree Pæonies,
Perfectly hardy and bound to give satisfaction.
LILIES, FERN PLANTS, PLUM TREES,
All in good condition for immediate planting.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

49er Hams and Glasgow Beef Hams at R. H. Jameson's, 33 Fort Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Wednesday, April 19th, at 8 p.m.
"Our Boys"
VICTORIA AMATEURS.
Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.
IN AID OF JUBILEE HOSPITAL & SAMARITAN HOME
Tickets for sale at Jamieson's, $1 and 50c.
ap13-5t

ZIPPORA MONTEITH.
Soprano.
Vocal instruction in English, French, German and Italian. Private and in class. Also pupils prepared for Oratorio and Opera.

F. VICTOR AUSTIN
Violinist.
Pupils received for the Violin, ensemble and orchestral playing.

MISS AGNES DAWSON, R.A.M.
Teacher of Piano, Theory, Harmony and Composition.
For terms and particulars address,
F. VICTOR AUSTIN,
Balmoral, Douglas St., or 133 Fort St.

THE
Pacific Portland Cement
COMPANY, Limited,
Victoria, B. C.
The public are invited to inspect, test samples, and obtain information at the temporary offices of the Company,
Williams Block, opposite Driard Hotel, Broad Street.

AGENTS WANTED AT EVERY SHIPPING PORT ON THE PACIFIC OCEAN.

Telephone No. 234. P. O. Box 269
Office Hours 9 till 5 o'clock.
ap11-1m

Municipal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., March 30, 1893.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for supplying Coal to the Electric Light Building and for other Corporation purposes, and also for supplying wood to the Corporation for the remainder of the year 1893, will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 19th day of April, instant, at 4 p.m.

Forms of tender may be obtained at this office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C

Victoria, B.C., April 13th, 1893.—td

C. P. N. CO., LD., STEAMER
DANUBE
MEYER, MASTER,
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Skidegate and Way Ports
MONDAY, APRIL 17th,
At 6 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.
ap14-td JOHN IRVING, Manager.

C. P. N. CO., LD.
Steamer
MAUDE
CAPT. NICKERSON,
Will leave from C.P.N. Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports
MONDAY, APRIL 17th,
At 6 o'clock p. m.
For freight or passage apply at office of company, Wharf street.
The company reserve the right to change this time table at any time without notification.
ap14-td JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Kaslo

I will leave for Kaslo on or about April 18, for the purpose of opening an office in the Real Estate and Insurance business.
I would be glad to have any one wishing to sell their property to list the same with me.
Acreage platted into Lots and thus sold for owner.
Information cheerfully given to intended buyers.
D. G. WILLIAMS,
104 Yates Street.
Victoria, April 10th, 1893. 1m

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out. Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

THOSE INDIAN FIGURES.

The two organs of the local government are snarling at each other over the population figures, but it is to be feared that their efforts do not tend to the enlightenment of their readers. For that matter, enlightenment is just what the government does not desire; the more mystery the better for its purposes. Its aim is, of course, to make good the proposition that the promise of redistribution contained in the "speech from the throne" could not be carried out, on account of confusion in the census figures. By introducing Indian department statistics it was enabled to cast enough doubt on the census results to salve its conscience and satisfy the minds of those "pocket borough" supporters who objected to being wiped out. Now the mere postponement of redistribution makes no practical difference to the province unless circumstances happen to bring about a general election before another session is held. There would be no substantial advantage in having an imperative redistribution bill on the statute book. But the government's juggling with the question is none the less reprehensible. The statement was made in the speech from the throne with all the gravity and formality attaching to that document, that the "altered circumstances of the province demanded a change in the method of representation." If that statement was true, both a redistribution and a general election to give it effect were called for. It was not true the government made a great mistake in putting those words in the Lieutenant-Governor's mouth. A wisely-conducted government would have canvassed the situation and made sure of its ground before making such a declaration; the Davie government, with its usual originality, proceeded in a very different way. Its followers having coerced it into adopting a new attitude, the government and its organs are now bravely endeavoring to deceive and bewilder the public.

It seems to us that the more closely and honestly the figures are examined the clearer will be the conclusion that the entanglement has been caused by the unnecessary introduction of the Indian department's figures. It must be kept in mind that the census figures are the product of actual enumeration, while those of the Indian department are practically only an estimate. The two sets of figures do not cover the same ground. Mr. Brown's speech in the house and his letter to the Times showed that if they are taken as covering the same ground they lead to an absurd conclusion. But the difficulty largely disappears if it is remembered that the Indian department's returns include some 11,000 Indians in the far north who are not counted in the census at all. Many of them are, in fact, outside of this province altogether. It is quite certain, at all events, that they were not visited or counted by any census enumerator. It we exclude these 11,000 Indians the confusion is practically cleared away. It is also quite likely, as Mr. Brown has contended, that the number of Indians in the lower part of Westminster district has been overestimated by the Indian department. All this should have been known by the government before it undertook to deal with the question, and its ignorance—or pretended ignorance—is entirely discreditable to it.

The two organs may by their manipulations of figures contrive to befuddle some of their own readers, but we should not expect their efforts to have any large amount of success. There are two plain facts which the people generally can quite easily appreciate; one is that the Indian department's statistics should not be used to confuse the census returns, and the other that the government has so used them only as a "blind."

AN AMERICAN OPINION.

The Springfield, Mass., Republican is well known as an honest and outspoken paper, and its opinion on the conduct of the American case before the Behring Sea arbitration is worthy of notice. We therefore quote the following paragraph from one of its articles, which will be seen to be none too flattering to the American counsel:

Our attorneys before the Behring Sea arbitrators seem to hesitate about attacking the main question at issue on its merits. They are devoting a great deal of time and legal acumen to the discussion of minor points of procedure, and contesting the introduction of evidence on technical grounds, which might be of value to the arbitrators and might not be. They do not act like men who have complete confidence in the strength of their main contention, and proceed more like attorneys whose cause is a doubtful one, or whose victory, if it be won at all, must be gained by technicalities. Mr. Phelps is emphasizing questions of procedure, making technical objections to the admission of evidence, and accusing the British government of bad faith and injustice, precisely as an attorney would do who felt that his case needed to be bolstered by every possible technical advantage.

The only worthy success which the United States could win in this controversy would be a verdict rendered by the arbitrators with all the facts before them. Anything less than this would be defeat. The questions involved in this dispute and which the arbitrators must decide are wide reaching and novel, and concern the world as well as Great Britain and the United States. They embrace principles which will materially modify international relations, if they are affirmed and accepted by the parties to this controversy. It is, therefore, a mistake to approach them in any but a statesmanlike temper. The distinction between this court of arbitration and an ordinary legal tribunal before which issues of a comparatively petty nature are tried in a more or less petty manner, is obviously wide; and methods of conducting a case which would be permissible in the latter are entirely out of place in the former. If the reports which are cabled over day by day from Paris do not do our counsel an injustice, they seem to be in danger of forgetting this distinction.

Some time after the exposure of the doings of Senecal, superintendent of the printing bureau at Ottawa, Sir John Thompson brought suit against that individual to recover for the government the amount which he had pocketed in the way of commissions. The total sum was $15,000. Judgment in this suit was delivered recently by Judge Jette, of Montreal, who decided against the government. The judge, after quoting from numerous authorities showing that the old law rendered an agent accountable to his principal for all moneys or things whatsoever coming into his hands by virtue of and in connection with, or even simply on occasion of his functions as an agent, came to the conclusion "that under our code such agent is responsible to his principal for such things only as he receives by virtue of his agency. Under these conditions the government not having alleged any direct loss in connection with contracts entered into by Senecal, it cannot recover from him the amount now claimed, and although the agent's acts must be held to be highly reprehensible, the present civil action cannot stand, and it must be dismissed." It will be remembered that a large proportion of Senecal's "presents" was turned over by him to the government's election fund.

GIRDING THEIR LOINS.

Liberals Will Do Battle With Toryism Next Election.

Vancouver, April 15.—The Liberal association last night discussed their platform. Preparations will be made to try the party's strength at the next election.

The Lytton mining syndicate has struck gravel paying $5 to the cubic yard on a claim adjoining the Van Winkle claim.

Rev. H. P. Hobson has written a pastoral letter to Christ church congregation submitting to Bishop Sillitoe's decision. He does not know where he will be located.

Reports from the provincial Y. M. C. A.'s made to the conference all showed unsuccessful years except Nanaimo.

J. T. Johnston, owner of a line of steamers running out of Liverpool, left this morning for Everett, where he will meet Capt. McDougall of West Superior, who is to superintend the building of a whaleback steamer there with the object of introducing the style in England.

Posthumus Revenge.

San Francisco, April 15.—Suit for $62,851 was brought to-day by J. C. Green against the executors of the estate of Joshua Hendy, foundryman, who died on Oct. 18th, 1892, leaving an estate which is estimated to be worth nearly $1,000,000, and which was bequeathed to his two nephews and two neices. From Green's complaint it appears that Hendy was a widower instead of a bachelor at the time of his death. He lived in Texas in 1848, it is alleged, and the year following deserted his wife, taking with him $1,800, which was her separate personal property. It was this money with which he laid the foundation to his fortune in California. Mrs. Hendy died in Houston, Tex. She left a will by which she bequeathed her claim against Hendy to Philip H. Fall, assignor of the plaintiff. The principal and interest now amount to $52,681, which is sued for.

Justice McCreight's Opinion.

Ottawa, April 15.—Justice McCreight, who is on his way home to New Westminster from England, says that the separation of the Mainland and the Island must soon come. They have nothing in common. He, of course, sides with the Mainland. Mr. McCreight is in better health and intends to leave for home immediately.

The Umatilla's Passengers.

San Francisco, April 15.—Passengers on the steamer Umatilla for Victoria are as follows: Miss D. Young, Miss Day, Mrs. T. Simpson, Miss P. Smith, T. Simpson, Mrs. J. H. Turner, L. King, Mrs. Beauchamp, G. J. Jonews, T. Morgan, C. M. Landers Edward M. Smith, and L. M. Ward.

Saved by the Dog.

Placerville, Cal., April 15.—The residence of W. E. House was destroyed by fire about 11 o'clock last night. Mrs. House was awakened by a dog jumping upon her bed, and looking up saw flames breaking into the room. Arousing her three small children all escaped uninjured, but every article of their clothing was burned, together with other contents of the dwelling.

DESCENDANTS OF COLUMBUS.

A Party of Distinguished Dons Arrive From Spain.

New York, April 15.—The American line steamer New York, from Southampton, with the lineal descendants of Christopher Columbus, Duke of Veragua, on board, arrived at quarantine shortly after 6 o'clock this morning. A drizzling rain was falling at the time and the vessel was almost hidden in the prevailing fog. As soon as the New York anchored, Commander Dickens, U. S. N., representing the Federal Government, boarded the big steamer and delivered the address of welcome in Spanish, to which the Duke appropriately replied, after which the band on board played America, the Yankee version of "God Save the Queen." The steamer Blackbird, with the reception committee aboard, left pier A about 7 and proceeded down the bay to the New York, and the Duke and party were transferred to the Blackbird, which was provided by the Columbian celebration committee to bring the party to 22nd street, North river, from whence they were escorted to the Waldorf hotel, where the ducal party will remain until they leave for Chicago next week.

The Duke is accompanied by the Duchess of Veragua, their sons Don Christopher Columbus y Aquilera, Don Carlos d' Aquilera, Don Maria del Pilar Columbus y Aquilera, Don Pedro Columbus and the Marquis and Marquise Barbolis, all of whom are descendants of Christopher Columbus.

The reception committee, which will confer the freedom of the city on the Duke, consists of General Horace Porter, Perry Belmont, Theo. W. Myers, C. C. Baldwin, J. E. Simmons, E. V. Skinner, Isador Straus, Howard Carrol, Walter Stanton and J. J. Martin.

It was 11 o'clock before the ducal party reached the Waldorf hotel. The whole eastern wing of the first floor of the hotel was reserved for the party, and they were at once shown their apartments. Mayor Gilroy and President George McLellan of the board of aldermen, were waiting in the reception room, and after the necessary presentations, the Duke and party retired to their apartments for breakfast. The reception did not occupy two minutes; it was arranged that the presentation of the freedom of the city should come later, after the party had breakfasted. The document that gave to the Duke the freedom of the city is a very gorgeous production. It is on parchment, and the scroll work represents forty hours of continuous labor with the pen. The deed is in various texts and is resplendent with gold and illuminated lettering. Shortly before noon, Marquis Barbolis came out of the breakfast room and announced that they were ready for the ceremony. Mayor Gilroy, Commander Dickens and the reception committee then went to the room prepared for the reception, where they were quickly joined by the Duke and party.

Mayor Gilroy said: "Your Excellency, it affords me very great pleasure on behalf of the city of New York to present you the assurance of our cordial and heartfelt welcome. In honoring you as a lineal descendant of Columbus, we feel that we are also honoring the peerless navigator who opened up a new world to civilization. I have the honor to present the freedom of the city."

The Duke smiled and bowed and then in a slow voice and with evident mistrust of his English said: "I thank you very much for your distinguished consideration. You may count upon my friendship. I shall feel myself very much honored and I thank you again for your kindness." He looked relieved when he had finished. Then the mayor introduced the party to all the new comers, and the gathering broke up immediately.

Drink Tamilkande Tea.

FOUR AUSTRALIAN FIGHTERS.

San Francisco, April 14.—A fresh importation of pugilists arrived from Australia on the Mariposa last night, and all of them are at the top of their respective classes, in the land of the kangaroo. Steve O'Donnell, the heavy-weight, was a pupil of Jackson. Michael Dunn, welter-weight; Martin Denny, light-weight, and Hugh Napier, feather-weight, complete the quarquertette of fighters, all eager to make matches with anyone of their weight in the United States.

The First Cable Car.

San Francisco, April 15.—The oldest cable car and dummy in the world, one of the original structures built for the first cable road in San Francisco, in 1873, has been sent to the World's Fair. Cable roads were invented in the early 70's by A. S. Hallidie, of this city. The world's first cable road was old Clay street; the road was built there and opened for traffic on September 1st, 1873. The old car and dummy are well preserved and still look serviceable. They go to the transportation building at the fair.

Quebec's Financial Straits.

Quebec, April 15.—Mr. Hall left for Montreal last night, and after a brief visit to Ottawa early this week, will leave for New York on Thursday, to sail for Europe, whither he goes to raise a new loan to pay off the Mercier $400,000 loan maturing in July, and to obtain money required by the province. This last announcement is taken as indicating that the Government has abandoned the hope of getting sufficient from the new taxes to make both ends meet.

Cleveland's Enthusiastic Admirers

Wilmington, Del., April 11.—President Cleveland and party left here yesterday morning for Washington. An enthusiastic crowd saw them off at the station. Previous to the train's departure, and when the crew of the shifting engine were preparing to move the special car to position, several young men attempted to climb on the platform on which the president was standing and endeavored to grasp his hand. Cleveland noticed the preparations of the trainmen and remarked: "Be careful, boys; don't get hurt. This is a bad place for congratulations." The president was standing on the platform when the car was drawn upon the main track. The train left the depot slowly and the crowds cheered again and again. Cleveland took off his hat and stood bareheaded until the end of the train had passed from the shed. Then he went into the car.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

TO DEFINE THE BOUNDARY.

Prof. King and His Assistants Are Here to Prepare for Work.

WILL HAVE SEVEN SMALL PARTIES

At Work at Different Points on the Line, Each Led by a Surveyor—The Quadra Will Take Them North—Americans to Work in Concert.

Prof. W. F. King, chief astronomer of the interior department, who has been chosen to represent the British side in the question as to the boundary line between British Columbia and Alaska, arrived in the city last evening. He was accompanied by A. H. Worden, his secretary, and O. J. Klotz and H. H. Robertson, surveyors, who are to assist in the work. Mr. Worden explained the plans of Prof. King as far as they are determined to a Times man this morning. The Canadian force will be divided into seven parties of eight men each, who will be headed by the following surveyors: O. J. Klotz, Wm. Ogilvie, J. J. McArthur, A. St. Cyr, A. C. Talbot, James Gibbons, A. J. Brabazon. Two others, Messrs. Robertson and Driscoll, will accompany the Americans. All of the surveyors are eastern men except Mr. Driscoll, who is from Chilliwack. We will go north from here about April 25th and will be away for five months. The government steamer Quadra will take us north, to what point I am not certain, but it was once thought we would go to Port Simpson. Prof. King and myself will return on the Quadra and secure a smaller boat for use during the summer. Of course much of our planning depends upon the Americans. Prof. King will consult with Prof. Mendenhall, and then all the arrangements for the work which is to be done in concert will be made. The American party will number about the same as ours.

Prof. King, although only a few hours in the city, has had many applications for places on the survey. He is hiring no men himself. The surveyors are doing that. They will each organize their respective parties.

Port Townsend, April 15.—Homer P. Retter and A. L. Baldwin, government civil engineers, arrived from Washington city yesterday evening to await the arrival of the U. S. S. Patterson from Francisco. They will then proceed north to survey the Alaska and British Columbia boundary. Four other engineers will arrive to-morrow and the party will be organized under the leadership of J. M. McGrath, the well-known Alaska government explorer. He will leave for Yakitut, where work will be commenced. This work has been carried on jointly for several years by the American and Canadian governments. The surveys are very important, as they will determine which country has jurisdiction over some very valuable mining claims now being operated under Canadian jurisdiction.

SUCCESSFUL ENTERTAINMENT.

An Excellent Programme Well Carried Out by a Clever Amateur Company.

The King's Daughters' entertainment filled Philharmonic Hall to overcrowding last evening. Those who came late had to stand, for when the entertainment opened every available seat was occupied. The "Three Maids of Lee," a pretty tableau, opened the entertainment. Those who took part were the Misses Loewen, Jenns, Pemberton, Davie and Langley. Miss Rhodes followed in a solo which she rendered very prettily. The tableau "Home they brought her warrior dead," came next. In it appeared Mrs. Shore, Miss Langley, Mrs. McNaughton Jones, Miss Emma Loewen, the Misses Gracie and Olive Peters, Aspland, Kittie Davie and Worlock. The comic song of Mr. Foulkes was heartily enjoyed. The tableau "Where are you going my pretty maid?" came next. The song was excellently rendered by Miss Dunsmuir. Mr. J. O'Reilly looked and acted the part of the squire. The guitar and mandolin orchestra, composed as follows, were encored their music was so pleasing: Mandolin, Mrs. Barnard and Miss Lewis; guitars, Miss Powell, Miss Jenns and Miss G. Lewis; banjo, Mrs. Hanington. Messrs. Webber and Foulkes, attired in school girls' summer costumes, sang "Ma's Advice" in a very amusing manner. Another tableau, "The low-backed car," followed, the characters being sustained by Miss Johnson, Captain Ogilvie, Messrs. Foulkes, Beaven and F. Parfitt, and Miss Galpin. While the scene was in progress, Mrs. Helmcken favored with a number of solos. The farce, "The Obstinate Family, closed the entertainment. It was given in a very creditable manner. Those taking part were: Mrs. Snowden, Mrs. Flewry, Miss Powell, Mr. B. Drake, Mr. W. H. Langley and Mr. Mytton.

An Owner in the South Bend.

The statement is made that C. J. Mulkey, the well-known American customs officer, owns an interest in the schooner South Bend, which has just been released by Collector A. R. Milne on payment of a fine and costs. It will be remembered that she was seized by Mr. Mulkey and Special Agent Dillon and at the sale she passed into the hands of Dillon's brother. The fact that Mr. Mulkey does own an interest in the schooner would prove very interesting to his seniors.

A Liberal in the Field.

News was received late last night in the city that a candidate in the Liberal interest would run in opposition to Mayor Haslam for the Vancouver Island district. The Liberals of Nanaimo are very active and are averse to allowing the seat to be handed over to the Conservatives by acclamation. The Liberals of the city have been expecting for some time a movement in this direction.

Two Drunken Women.

Julia, an Indian woman, and Claude Morrison, a white sister, were up before Magistrate Macrae this morning charged with being drunk. The latter failed to appear and her bail was forfeited. The Indian lady was there, however, in all the bright raiment of a Siwash. She was found guilty, but as it was the occasion of her first appearance she was let go without a fine.

Mr. Hunter's Amendment.

By a misprint yesterday Mr. Hunter's amendment to Mr. Beaven's motion re the payment of workmen was incorrectly made to read: "And that the wages of all laborers and skilled workmen shall not be less than 20 cents per hour." It should have read "unskilled workmen."

Thanks.

The generous custom accorded us during our millinery display deserves and receives our sincere thanks. It convinces us that we are showing the latest patterns of the day. We also respectfully invite you to call and inspect our novelties in dress goods, as our stock is now complete.

JOHN PARTRIDGE
Lansdowne House,
86 Yates Street.

The Line to Comox.

The telegraph line to Comox is now in operation to Big Qualicum, 45 miles beyond Nanaimo. The work of construction is being carried forward, and Supt. J. Wilson says that the line will be carried through to Comox in about a fortnight. It will be a great thing for the business interests of the island.

Trades and Labor Council.

The regular monthly meeting of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council was held last evening, the president in the chair. There was a full attendance of delegates. Credentials were received from the Brickleyers', Building Laborers' and Brotherhood of Carpenters' unions. A comunication from the Dominion Labor Congress was read, asking for further documentary evidence re the Chinese question. A committee was appointed to obtain the information asked for. It was decided to obtain the co-operation of the other cities of the province for the purpose of reviving the Provincial Labor Congress. There was also a committee appointed to look after some other matters which are of vital interest to the wage earners of this province.

Gave a Good Performance.

Pleasing little Patti Rosa with her company of very competent players gave "Dolly Varden" at the Victoria theatre last evening to a well-filled house. The steamer North Pacific was behind time and the company had to go on without dinner. Joe Cawthorn as the German, Otto, was splendid. The comedian, with his brother, the Irish comedian, created a sensation in theatrical circles in the east some years ago. They are two of the best dialect actors before the public to-day. Joe Cawthorn's concertina solos were greatly enjoyed last night. Gerald Griffin as the newspaper fiend was greatly applauded. Maurice D'Arcy, who played Jack Dodd, has a splendid voice, dances well and was pleasing, especially in his scenes with Patti Rosa. D. R. Young as the vicar looked the part and certainly acted it. Miss Francis was natural as the young widow. Nearly all the musical numbers were encored.

St. Barnabas Vestry Meeting.

The annual vestry meeting of St. Barnabas church was held on Thursday evening. Rev. Geo. W. Taylor presided and E. Baynes Reed and P. H. Marshall, lay representatives of the synod, were present. The first business was the selection of lay representatives for the current year, Messrs. P. H. Marshall, T. Bradbury, F. H. Coles and J. E. Raynes being chosen. Mr. W. Trickey was named as rector's warden, and Mr. Thomas Bradbury elected by the congregation. The new church committee is composed of Messrs. T. B. Pearson, S. E. King, J. S. Bailey, J. E. Raynes, F. H. Coles and George Jay, sr., while the sidesmen are Messrs. S. E. King, Jabez King, F. H. Coles, T. B. Pearson and J. A. Emory. Votes of thanks were tendered to the retiring representatives, church wardens and committee, and also to the ladies for their valued assistance. An adjourned meeting will be held to-night when the audit of accounts will be presented. It is expected that satisfactory arrangements will be made to retain Rev. Taylor in charge of the church.

Theatrical Shortcomings.

There were several cases at the theatre last evening of reserved seats sold twice; in one instance the same seat had been sold three times for the performance. The annoyance and embarrassment consequent upon being routed out of one's seat at the theatre and compelled to stand in the aisle holding hat, coat, cane or umbrella, the cynosure of every eye, the target of sarcastic and painfully audible remarks from the gentlemen in the gallery, and not knowing whether to smile, look angry or dignified, and combining all three emotions in a sorry blend, are best known to those who have "been there." If the reserved seat ticket does not afford protection against outrage of this sort at the Victoria theatre, the patrons of the house should be made aware of the fact, so that they may take measures accordingly. While upon theatrical matters attention might be drawn to the draught which sweeps over the house the moment the curtain goes up. The reduction in temperature is fully fifteen degrees, and the time occupied in making the change scarcely sixty seconds. This draught constitutes the most serious drawback in the Victoria theatre. No attempt seems to have been made to remedy this state of affairs, for last evening it was more noticeable than ever. Who can tell how often this terrible draught, falling suddenly upon numbers of ladies in evening dress, and gentlemen not clad to meet such rapid changes of temperature, is responsible for colds that have fatal terminations? There are persons who fully understanding the dangers that lurk in the mildest colds, and how much a draught has to do with this unpleasant affection, deny themselves the pleasure of recreation and amusement at the Victoria theatre, rather than run the risk of that draught and the almost inevitable cold that follows. If other theatres can be built in such a manner as to exclude all draughts, surely the Victoria theatre can be improved to that extent. A peculiar effect of the draught last night was the flight, between each act, of large numbers of gentlemen, who apparently could not stand it any longer and rushed out and in to keep the blood in circulation.

Special Meeting.

Mayor Beaven has notified the aldermen of a special meeting of the council to be held on Monday. The subject for discussion will be by-laws.

PRELIMINARY ARRANGEMENTS

Committee Appointed to Arrange for the Queen's Birthday Celebration.

There was a very small attendance at the meeting held last evening for the purpose of considering the best means to celebrate the Queen's birthday. Mayor Beaven occupied the chair.

Suggestions were offered as to the number of days that should be celebrated and how. It was finally decided to leave the question to a general committee to be composed of delegates from the city clubs and associations and the following gentlemen: Hon. Robert Beaven (chairman), Messrs. T. Burnes, J. A. Holland, J. Broderick, Hon. J. H. Turner, J. Partridge, Hon. Theodore Davie, Hon. Col. Baker, D. R. Ker, J. McGregor, H. L. Salmon, B. Boggs, C. E. Renouf, W. C. Ward, G. Jenkins, W. H. Ellis, Wm. Templeman, Col. Prior, Charles Hayward, C. E. Redfern, Thomas Earle, R. P. Rithet, A. C. Flummerfelt, and John Irving, with power to add to their number.

The committee will report to a general meeting to be held next Friday evening at the city hall.

Mayor Beaven was unanimously elected permanent chairman.

It was suggested that the various city clubs meet immediately and appoint five delegates.

The meeting on Friday should be well attended, as the committee will have some hard work and they should be given every encouragement.

NEW P. O. Home.

Contract for the New Building Awarded to Messrs. McGregor and Jeeves.

The managers of the Protestant Orphans' Home last evening awarded the contract for the new building to be erected with the $30,000 left to the institution by the late John G. Taylor. The building committee held several meetings, the last one last evening, to consider the tenders. The tender put in by McGregor and Jeeves, for $20,310, including slate roofing and hot water heating, was finally accepted. The plans have already been fully described in these columns.

It is probable that the building will be named the John G. Taylor Protestant Orphans' Home in remembrance of the late Mr. Taylor's legacy of $30,000, all of which is to be expended on the building, leaving the amount paid for the land to be raised. The cost of the land and building is estimated as follows:

Cost of site (12 1-2 acres)	$12,500
McGregor & Jeeves' contract	20,310
Laundry and electric light machinery and plant	2,600
Furniture and fittings (estimate)	4,000
Architect's fees and premiums	1,250
Fencing and sundries (estimate)	1,500
Total cost (estimate)	$42,160

Work will be commenced immediately and the building will be ready for occupation by October 1st.

At Russell & McDonald's
Purchase your millinery. No charge for trimming.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

J. H. Todd returned from the Mainland yesterday.

J. H. Falconer was among the Islander's passengers last evening.

Miss Dora Young returned from a trip to the Sound last evening.

Victor Mitchell is back from a business trip to the Mainland cities.

F. C. Gamble, Government engineer, returned from the Mainland yesterday.

Louis Redon, who has been ill for several weeks, was out for a short time to-day.

R. L. Cawston, general manager of the B. C. Cattle Company, is at the Oriental.

G. B. Martin, M.P.P. for Yale, left for home this morning.

To Artists.
Raphael Tuck's copies at half price to close. J. JOHNSTON & CO.*

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Where, When and by Whom Divine Worship Will be Held To-Morrow.

Metropolitan Methodist—Services, 11 a.m. by Rev. S. Wilkinson; 2:30 p.m. Sunday school; 7 p.m. pastor, Rev. C. Watson.

Methodist church, Victoria West—11 a.m. Mr. J. Sherk; 7 p.m., Geo. H. Morden—"The Divine account books."

Esquimalt—10:30 a.m., Geo. H. Morden.

James Bay Methodist church, S. Wilkinson, pastor—The Rev. T. W. Glover, of Toronto, will preach at 11 a.m. The pastor will preach in the evening. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, Rev. James H. White, pastor—11 a.m., Rev. C. Watson; 7 p.m., Rev. J. E. Gardiner; Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

Spiritualism.

Service will be held in Pioneer Hall, Broad street, Sunday evening at 7:30. Mrs. C. Mayo-Steers, spiritual teacher, will lecture and give psychometric readings.

At Russell & McDonald's
134 Douglas street, Millinery.

A Guzzling Religion.

I attended three separate church services yesterday in three different denominations and each of three ministers by a strange coincidence announced that there would be a festival during the week whereat there would be music, etc., and the ladies of the congregation would provide cakes and tea. In this country we take our religion as we take our pills. It won't go down unless we have something else to swallow with it. We like to go to church and guzzle something and absorb the moral law at the same time. It seems to me that the straight and narrow way is paved with sandwiches, macadamized with doughnuts, curbed with gingerbread and walled in by hunks of angel cake. As for the dark and terrible river, if its waters were subjected to analysis, they would be found to be composed of picnic lemonade, cold tea, stale pop and ginger beer.

There is an old saying that the way to a man's heart lies through his stomach; the preachers would almost lead us to believe that the road to the Kingdom of Heaven runs through the same territory.—"The Khan," in Toronto Star.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SPENCER'S ARCADE

★ 2nd Millinery Opening

THURSDAY, April 13th.

New English and French Patterns, Childrens' Hats and Bonnets.
New Flowers, Ribbons, Tips, Laces, Etc., Etc.
English Straw Hats, New Sailor Hats.
The Stock now complete in this Department.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

The Man Who Wears Shoes

wants, first of all, shoes to wear—likes to look at 'em when they're off, perhaps, but he buys them to wear.

Our $3 Shoe

doesn't disappoint him—it wears—it looks well, too.

Gilmore & McCandless,
35 AND 37 JOHNSON ST.
Telephone Call 563.

JUST ARRIVED

German Salt Pickles,
Fresh California Grass Butter,
Delicious Honey,
IN FRAMES OR GLASS.

DUTCH
LIMBURG
SWISS
CALIFORNIAN
CANADIAN
Cheese

Try our HAMS AND BACON.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS AT
FRANCK'S GROCERY,
Cor. Fort and Quadra Sts.
5 Per Cent. Discount on ALL Purchases.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via. CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to
ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent
Cor. Fort and Gov't, St.

CHEAP TEETH.

For sixty days my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Dentistry in all its branches and latest method, at the New York Dental Parlor, 73½ Government street. fe24-tf

Use German Magic Pile Cure.

J. Horner & Co.

ARGYLE HOUSE.

Special Value

1 CASE ALL WOOL SERGES,
Double Width, 35c. a yard, or 3 yards for a dollar.

A Very Fine Line of
ALL WOOL DEBEIGES
42 inches wide, 40c. and 50c. a yard.

A Big Lot of DRESS GOODS
to arrive in a few days, in the Latest Styles.

1 Case more of those
BLACK CORSETS
At $1.00 a pair.

A Large Range of
NEW EMBROIDERIES
In all widths.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that tenders for the construction and equipment of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company, complete in all respects, will be received by the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company up to noon of April 10th, 1893, at the office of the Company, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

Plans, specifications, conditions of tender, and all details to be had at the Company's office.

The company reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

P. C. DUNLEVY, President,
ROBERT IRVING, Secretary,
Victoria and Sidney Railway Company.

To Let or for Sale.

House on Silvia Street with unobstructed view of the Straits. Drawing room, dining room, 4 bedrooms, etc. Drained to the sea. Also for sale a beautiful building site; area one acre; water front; 7 minutes from trams. The easiest terms will be given. Apply to
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
Government St., Victoria, B.C. mar28-1d

New England Hotel
RESTAURANT
AND OYSTER SALOON,
116 and 118 Government Street.

Now Open Day and Night
AT THE OLD STAND.

THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

NEW GOODS
FOR Spring AND Summer
JUST RECEIVED.
A. GREGG & SON,
Tailors, 62 Yates St.
mar2-1m

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweler,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar1

We Are Not

Presuming to Preach when we counsel economy, and to practice economy is to buy at moderate prices. This means to make your purchases of Boots and Shoes from our superb display of new spring styles. High class goods and low prices do the

Talking

We need to do very little after we get the customer in the store. Summer is springing upon us, and our goods are springing in to popularity at even a faster pace.

See the latest in Tan, Tennis, and Lacrosse Shoes, and other lines, and you will agree that we are not talking

Moonshine.

A. B. ERSKINE,
COR. GOV'T & JOHNSON STS.

HUNTING-LIFE IN THE ROCKIES

BY THE MARQUIS OF LORNE, KT.

"Of course, that's not his real name?"

"Well, it's what he wants to go by, anyway.

"Did he tell you anything of himself?"

"Not of his early history, but a lot of more recent adventures."

"What makes you think he's a gentleman?"

"Well, chiefly his manner, and then his accidentally mentioning things that had happened to him in England."

"Oh, he's an Englishman, is he?"

"There's no doubt about that, and no doubt in my mind that he's a gentleman—a perfect gentleman—an English gentleman."

"That's rather an acquisition, if he'll come with us."

"I hear he's up to more dodges in getting game and in making a cozy camp than anybody."

That was the talk at a rough hotel, or rather boarded shanty, at Kamloops, in British Columbia, a good many years ago, and the subject of the talk broke it off sharp by entering the bar-room. He nodded at the two Britishers who had been discussing him, and strode to the counter. Then filling three glasses, he took one, and pushed the two others towards those who have been inquisitive about him, and said:

"Drink."

One of the two young men addressed at once took a glass. The other shook his head, and said, politely,

"Thanks very much, but I've had my quantum.

The "perfect gentleman" made one long stride towards "our Mr. Snooks" (as the commercial house for which the young man worked rejoiced to call him), and said, as he looked down seriously upon Snooks,

"Sir, in this country people are supposed to drink when they're asked to."

Needless to say, Snooks took the glass at once, and swallowed the contents with a meek gulp, which seemed to expend all the breath that was left in him. Snooks's friend had already grasped the situation intuitively, for he was of robust build, and had no special times and seasons for a drink. Both the robust and the delicate travellers now looked up at the "perfect gentleman" with marked attention. But there was nothing very extraordinary about his appearance. Tall and thin, with arched nose and fair mustache and beard, and fine clear blue eyes, he seemed, but for a very decided stoop and two sloping shoulders, to be a very pretty man, as his Highland countrymen would say; for it was apparent that his name—Scott—was Caledonian, and the sternness of his face when quite at ease made Snooks and the stouter Tom both hope that his wildness would prove the only poetic licence on his part. This really seemed to be the case, for, seeing that Snooks was alarmed at the suddenness with which he had been induced to swallow his grog, he sat down with a decided smile on his long face, and said to the two who stood still,

"Well, I'm pretty tired, for I've been a juryman."

Snooks stared with a yet more scared look, but the robust Tom found on inquiry that Mr. Scott was not romancing.

"Yes, I have been panelled for the trial of the fellow who shot at the Chinaman; but of course we all wished the Chinaman had been shot. It was a mighty hot day, and the evidence deucedly long and tiresome. Then, in the middle of the chief witness's story, when we were hoping to finish the thing off, came news that the governor was arriving by the river. So the judge thought that the governor couldn't land without the assistance of the judge, and up rose the "court," apparently expecting us to remain where we were until the governor had landed, and goes down to the river. Then out went the audience, and the jury didn't see why they should stay, and I went out with them. Goodness knows what's become of the prisoner. Perhaps he went down to meet the governor too. Anyway, the trial's broken off, because the jury communicated with the outside public. I drink to you, sirs; you are a part of the outside public."

Further conversation revealing the fact that he was not over-anxious to be empanelled again, Tom made overtures to the tall drinker, which ended in his promising to show them what he could of the sport to be had there abouts. He would not have any one else go with them, but said they must carry some food, and that he would guarantee that they would get provisions enough, provided they would shoot decently straight. "And if they couldn't, he could." And they had no cause to regret the decision.

The autumn days had become cold enough to bring snow to the mountains, and the cold had driven the mountain sheep to the lower slopes. Several small flocks were seen in the valleys, and to stalk them, and to get a pretty easy shot on easy ground, was congenial to Mr. Snooks's taste. He was moderately successful, probably because the fine solitary ram that used to guard the flock did not suppose him to be as formidable as he really was. It was rather a pity to see so fine an animal fall to so prosaic an antagonist. The fine head of of the fine sheep, with its great curving thick horns, would be thrown up as though supicious of impending trouble and intent to guard against it. He would give an impatient stamp when aware of the approach of man, and yet gaze a moment longer to make sure; and then would come the rifle shot and with one bound into the air he would lie the next minute a mere convulsive mass of brown and white, his eyes glazing, and the hair of his coat roughed with the stones on which he fell. For these sheep have no wool. A coarse brown hair like that of a deer, but less fine, covers them. But, curiously enough, the mountain goat has wool—on his back. On the "saddle" of the back there is a snow-white fleece, and this everywhere else on his body gives place to long, snowy hair.

The stouter of the two sportsmen was much the keener after these ancient-looking goats, with their wise faces, almost straight, backward-bent horns, and white-trousered, strong legs. Tom said he didn't mind any height so long as he had something to hold on to, even if that something were only the end of Scott's jacket. It is curious how some men will face any precipitous depth below them so long as they can clutch something, just as one knows of nervous ladies who don't mind a steep bank near the carriage so long as they have a husband, son or brother whom they can pinch black and blue as soon as they think themselves in danger. There are many men of the most dauntless courage, which can be displayed everywhere except where they must cross a plank without a hand-rail. Custom does everything. Even a steeplejack must hold on to something as a rule. It is possible that ponies might get accustomed to grizzly bears, but it certainly requires practice. Most horses have an instinct, or have by power of smell a knowledge, of where a bear has recently crossed a trail, and will stand and shake with terror, although they may never have seen a bear in their lives. Their dams must have told them about bears, and frightened them with stories when they wanted obedience in the foals or fillies, much as nursery maids used to frighten children in England by threatening that if they were not quiet they would bring Bonaparte to them. Neither nurse nor child had see Bonaparte, but the mere idea, derived from no one knows what, was enough. Just so with the grizzlies. The mere idea is enough to make most ponies go wild with fright. Every day our sportsmen expected to see the bear, but the goats and the sheep gave them enough to do without the greater "game." The snow on the mountains deep, and they enjoyed the glissades down the steeps, which were not yet sufficiently covered to cause avalanches. Slippery enough it sometimes was, and one day, when Scott was, luckily, the lowest of the little party, Snooks lost his footing on the mountain side above. One slip, one kick, one futile grasp at the snow on the ice about him, and then he was whirling down, sending the snow in graceful fountains of white spray before him as he darted helplessly towards a rocky ledge, which seemed destined to shoot him out into an abyss below. Scott saw the accident, jammed his staff into the frozen ground, and reaching out as his unfortunate friend was shooting past him, held on for dear life to the waistcoat he had gripped. Out flew every button on Snooks' breast; but his course was stayed, and he lay gasping at Scott's feet. A narrow squeak, indeed; but an inch is as good as a mile. Nerves were somewhat shaken that afternoon, and it was judged to be just as well to descend to less dangerous ground and to go into camp. And what delights those camps gave. It may be more luxurious to have the shelter of the tent in the warmth of sunshine by the shore, or to need but little fire by the summer camp after the day has been spent in work that needs no great bodily exertion. But the greatest of all pleasures is the repose that is the reward of good work and sport in the bracing air. Where the white peaks shoot upward in glistening starlight around the forest valleys and could be seen over the tall pines—tall—so t tall that their "slender tops" seemed indeed "close against the sky"—there were many happy evenings for the escaped juryman and his companions from Kamloops. The two younger men were full of talk when not too sleepy, and would try to get out their tall friend's story; but he always put them off by telling only of recent experiences. He knew these passes well. None better. It was known of him that he once accomplished a marvellous journey over them. It was at a time when no railway had been dreamed of as likely to be able to thread the tangled wilderness of fir and cedar and climb the giant ranges that shut out intercourse with the plains, making "the Pacific slope" in old days a separate world, sundered from the dry prairie country, and knowing only its own moist sea breezes and gigantic trees. Nobody knew why he had undertaken to scale the mountains and risk the loss of his life in the depth of winter by venturing to cross from the sea to the Milk River, as the infant Missouri is called at its Rocky mountain nursery. Nobody had asked him to explore the country. He was no surveyor, nor had geology, nor any ology, troubled his mind with problems of the earth's original manufacture. He only knew the globe to glory in going round it, or over any of its projections which seemed repulsive to other mortals. Some said he had been crossed in love; others he was mad. Most people are mad in the estimation of a jog-trotting community around them. If you have ideas which are not of the ordinary pattern, made to routine order, you are always considered mad. Say ditto to everybody, wear exactly the same cut of clothes, and speak the thoughts everybody can think, and you are a capital fellow and of sound intellect. Vary from your immediate fellows, and make up your mind that their minds are made up about you in the conclusion that if mind you have, it is gone wrong. Well, Scott had done a very mad thing. He had been where no one had wished to be. He had done what men had said was impossible, with no special object in view, except, as it seemed, to get away—away from people—away from himself—away from life.

He had gone up from the coast to Kamloops. That was easy enough, even in the depth of winter, for there was a track. But then he had passed eastward to the mountains in a season of intense frost, and with only one companion—an Indian, of course. No white man would accompany him to do what he said he meant to do—namely, cross over the Canadian Alps with no support except what he could drag behind him on a toboggan. In summer the thing was difficult enough. To be sure the snow would make the dragging of the sledge easier than the carrying of provisions would be in summer. But the cold, and the unknown track, and the distance all seemed against him.

"We shall not hear of you again," they had said to him.

"Yes. I'll send you word from the other side some day," he had cheerily replied.

And off he went, and by the fire of the camp he told his two young companions how he had got across.

"Why," said Tom, "you must have crossed the Columbia river twice."

"Well, we never knew it—at least I did not. It must have been the case, for we know that it runs through the mountains; but all I remember is ice and snow, and wood and ravine and rock, and mountains of mist, and sun and glare. I remember the torture of my feet when the frost bit them black, and how each day, in the morning, it was a blessed relief to get them to bleed afresh before the ache and agony of the tramp had warmed them a little. We got fire in the woods as long as we were among them, but on the last ridges we could not get our sledges over, and the food we could take was near done when we got to the foot-hills on the eastern side; but there the cold was not so great as on the mountain heights, and a Hudson Bay post on the Elbow and Bow rivers put life into us again."

"And what did you do it for, Scott?" asked Snooks, his round eyes full of wonder.

"Well, perhaps I was prospecting; perhaps I wasn't. Perhaps I wanted to see what I could do. Perhaps I wouldn't be done," said Scott; and when the little man would pursue his questions and inquire and again inquire of Scott, who had become quite silent, the unwarranted inquisitiveness would be met by the tall man looking straight before him and saying, "Well, you must wait for my biography!"

As if to confirm them in the idea that his journey might have been made as a gold quest, he would show them, when they lit their fire beside a stream, how with little trouble it was posible to find "color" or particles of gold in the gravel or sand at almost every place where they tarried.

"I have only once found a big nugget," he said. "But that came quite handy. I struck hard into a mass of gravel with my pick, which was a very sharp one, and when I lifted it again there was something like a potato partly lifted with it, and then fell away from the iron with a splash into the water near by, and I found that the point of the pick had got jammed for a moment into a big nugget that I got nearly a thousand dollars for. I picked pretty hard after that, but never found another of any size, though I have got lots of dust. Strange what makes gold stick together in one place. These river bars all have it, but no more except to come when the pocket is emptied."

They employed themselves often after that nugget story, in washing and delving in the burns, and came away with about sufficient for each man to bake a ring out of his own findings, and that was all. "If we had been Chinese," they thought, "we should have stayed and got about a dollar a day." But they congratulated each other they were not Chinese.

"If ever a man gets to the pole, he'll find a 'heathen Chinee' washing for gold there," Scott spitefully said, and he shook again in a pan some of the rivulet's soil, and, stooping over it, his aqueline nose seemed to curl into sharper curve as he muttered indignantly against the Chinese; and there, with his gaunt, thin frame, and with his long legs astraddle, his eyes peered in vain into the alchemy of the wilderness' waters. Snooks, with his pert nose and eyes and mouth agape, craned up to the long man's hands to look into the pannikin, and Tom, strong and ruddy, sat beside him as he looked up also, his fingers grasping his knees. They met some Indians, and saw how their women rode cross-legged, for the sportsmen got as far as the Kootenay valley, now being "opened up" by steamer and railway, and, before they turned coastwards, again enjoyed the beauty of that wide valley, and saw how the "vanguard of the pine" comes in detached skirmishing order in advance of the thick bands and masses, and how the more lordly of these trees stand each apart, as though in "open order," so that their boughs can spread freely and the great tasseled ends stretch free to air and the light, which play about their great, straight stems, oughed with tawny bark and seamed with dark crevices, so that coloring, almost of a tiger's skin, clothes them at evening and morning.

They are pretty sofe, those trees, for it would not pay to take them to market, and unless the settlers' axe hew them down they may grace the low hill-slopes near the lake for many a long day. Sawmills are sure to come, and planks and logs and beams will be in demand; but there is a wealth of timber and coal in quantity.

"I wish I had settled down here, for there'll be lots of people and riches here some day," Scott said, meditatively, one afternoon, as the party rested beneath the tall pines and collected some of the fallen cones for their fire.

"I wouldn't," said Tom. "I'd like to lead the life you have led and wander wherever it suits me."

"There's plenty of life in it, youngster," said Scott, "and it brings one into queer places and among good people sometimes. Now one of the best people I ever met was an Indian—not one like those we saw to-day, with only a small band, but one of the men who led the life of the early Bible chiefs, roaming with the horses, and hunting, perhaps, more than any old Syrian ever did, and not caring for domestic herds; for these people I speak of and their chief had at their disposal the countless herds of the buffalo."

"What! you've been with them, too? With which, the Syrians or the redskins?" asked Snooks, in mild wonder.

"Yes; I was a teamster in the plains once with the Sioux; "and one of the finest men I ever knew was their old chief, Sitting-Bull. Look here," he continued—and he pulled out from his jacket a piece of finely-wrought white leather covered with little figures of men fighting, tomahawking each other, with various other devices, such as deer and buffalo, marked in red on the long slip—"look here, now; that's Sitting-Bull's own work. He did that with his own hand; and though it isn't as well done as a picture by a regular artist, I had rather have it than a Raphael."

"Why a Raphael would give you one hundred thousand dollars," murmered Snooks.

"Yes, but it would not give me the memories that this bit of skin gives me. When I look at this, I live again the old life with the man who gave it to me, and see the ordered camp, with the ensigns, the spears and shields at the tent doors; the tents of splendid skins, painted somewhat like this in large; the women with their beautiful dresses of bead and leather; the bands of horses, the excitement of the great hunt; the hospitable fireside, whence no man was ever turned away, though that fireside was in the centre of the lodge and in the bosom of the family of the kindly chief—the man who thought no more of risking his life in fight with the white troops than he did of giving his guest a whiff from his pipe—the man who conquered well-equipped cavalry in a fair fight—the father of his people—worthy to go down in history with the Princess Pocahontas, or with those leaders who gave battle to Pizarro and Cortes. By Jove, he was a fine fellow!" concluded Scott, rather to his friends' amazement, for they both confessed that they would far rather be a captain of American horse than a Sioux king or an Aztec emperor.

"Well, each man to his taste," said Scott. "I've tried Britain and Europe and most parts of America, but I never enjoyed a better time than the months I spent with old Bull. But the Sioux are going, and the buffalo have gone, and, I suppose, there'll soon not be a bear to shoot."

"We must get one, anyhow, before we get back," said Tom, enthusiastically. "What was your last bear, Scott?"

"I haven't killed one for a long time," Scott replied, "and the last chance I had was an uncommonly lucky one, for I killed a grizzly with a single shot, and from the saddle, too. I had ridden out from a Hudson Bay post along a river-side, and was passing a clump of willows, when I heard a rustle, and out came full towards me, and not 40 paces off, a big brown brute. He saw me and turned, and I got a shot just as my horse seemed inclined to bolt, and, to my surprise, the old bear gave up the ghost in the most handsome manner. I could hardly believe he would drop so easily; but there he lay dead."

"That's rather encouraging," Tom remarked; "but I'd rather try from a tree than the saddle, if you don't mind."

"We may see a bear on our way down country again." And they all virtuously made up their minds that they must have a bear skin to exhibit at Victoria.

It was some days after this that, on their return journey, they heard that a bear had been seen in the country to the southwest of the Spillamacheen valley, and at Snooks' request they walked in the woods where he was supposed to be, "keeping touch" with each other; for, as S. remarked, he couldn't be expected to tackle a bear for the first time all by himself. Tom said he was quite ready to support him, and all three kept on, giving low whistles to assure each other in the thick brush that help was at hand.

"You don't think he would go for me at sight?" Snooks had nervously asked.

"No; he'll go for us first and keep you for dessert," Scott had encouragingly replied.

The little man became confident as time went on and nothing appeared. They had come to a great piece of fallen timber. The side branches stretched upward and all about at right angles to the huge trunk. Snooks mounted one to get on to the main stem as it lay prostrate. He was going to swing himself down on the other side, when lo! in front of him arose a vast brown pillar, as it seemed to him, with two big arms, and, with a faint cry, Snooks dropped back among the branches on the side of the tree remote from the bear—for bear it was, and a huge one—and crouched, breathless, his heart thumping in his throat and his limbs perfectly nerveless. The bear had only had a brief vision of the intruder, and apparently concluded Snooks must be a bad dream, for he grunted, lowered himself and took no further notice as far as Snooks could learn, for he heard nothing, saw nothing, and felt only an intense desire to shout, but could not. But the bear thought it might be worth while to see what had become of his bad dream, which had left a suspicious odor about it. So he slowly raised himself again and got up upon the fallen tree trunk. This made him visible to Tom, who raised his rifle and fired. With a noise something between a hiss and a grunt and a groan the bear jumped down almost on the top of poor Snooks, but did not touch him and "went for" Tom "at sight." Tom tried to shin up a small tree, leaving his rifle below; for he had no time, as he thought, to sling it around him. But the bear was too quick for him and clawed his legging, T.'s foot escaping claws and teeth. At this instant the hero of the day, in the shape of Scott, came up, fired; the bear fell, tearing down Tom. Another moment and he had given him a nasty munch in the side, but again his jacket saved Tom; Scott fired once more, and followed the shot up by driving a long knife into the grizzly's heart. It was most gallantly and cleverly done, and the thanks of both the young men were very earnestly expressed. But it was a narrow shave, and, as Snooks observed, "might have been much worse had not he (Snooks) insisted on their keeping together."

Perhaps the confidence of all the party—and certainly that of the two younger men—was not quite unshaken. There was less talk of seeking bears. The tone of assurance had somehow "come down." So had the line of snow, which, when the campaign had been begun, remained high up on the mountain tops. Now the gold of the birch and the crimson of the vine-maple lit up with no saffron or sanghine fires the dark green of the forest-covered mountain walls. The winds were cold, and Kamloops and its confluence of broad river reaches were passed without regret, for the warm shores of the Pacific were in the travellers' thoughts. The groves of the gigantic firs which are still preserved about the modern city of Vancouver soon saw them passing under their verdant twilights, and the long fords of the sea greeted them. There, where now the cars of the Canadian Pacific railway come and go with the regularity of the night and day on their errands across the continent, our three friends rested and smoked and fished, taking into their service some of the coast Indians. These men were experts at handling the peculiarly shaped canoes, which, like many productions of their art, have a touch of Polynesian form. The carvings the coast men make, their ornaments, their mode of building wooden houses (not wigwams, but regular log or rough plank structures), remind those who have seen the Western Pacific people of South Sea tastes. Scott could, of course, tell all about them and their affinities, for where had he not been? He knew, too, how to troll in the sea water for the salmon that would not rise to the fly, and to fish for the trout in the lakes where the trout condescended to take what the salmon refused. What wondrous fly-fishing it was! He took them to a lake which shall be nameless—or which we shall, at all events, only call* by an approximation to the sound of the Indian title, something like "Lake Guessimifukan"—and there in two days they caught about 400 fish, weighing 900 pounds! For fear that Mr. Andrew Lang and everybody else that loves fly-fishing should rush at once there, only an approach to the name is given; and the access to the place is not here given, except by the assertion that it is in British Columbia—a wide world is that "double-barrelled" name— a name covering a country incomparable in beauty and in variety of scenery. Nowhere is there a richer sea, nowhere is there a more romantic coast. The fishermen of all the British Isles could be settled along those shores, in a climate as soft as that of Devonshire, and find a market for their fish in the Canadian and American coast cities; and for their salt fish among the Roman Catholic population of Chili, Peru, and kindred southern states. Some day or other, as Mr. Scott said, small fruit trees will be as common along the shores as are now the innumerable firs. The Fraser figs and apricots will be as popular in London markets as the canned salmon from that river. Meantime, he wisely said, it is a mercy to the sportsman and traveller that all the "congested districts" of Europe are kept by the professional agitator from hunting the paradise of the enterprising globe-trotter, who may luxuriate in fishing and hunting better than can be enjoyed by any European in the old world. "We are the free men," concluded Mr. Scott, "who see things for ourselves and find elbow-room for ourselves, and are not made serfs on bad lands to please prejudices and make a living for shady politicians."

"Now," said Snooks, confidentially, "Scott, you have been with us a long time, and we know you must be a countryman of ours; do tell us if it is not so."

"You must wait for my biography," was all the answer he gave. But the mysterious man would entertain them by the hour with tales of adventures, all of which they implicitly believed to be true. Livingstone used to say that he believed every word of Roualyn Cumming's African stories. Skepticism is often more foolish than faith. "But I tell you England's not a bad place for those who can afford fogs and dogs and horses," he said over his pipe on the last evening they were together, "not a bad place for all those who can afford to put on her exchange and hunt in her shires. You ask me what I have been; I tell you to wait for that information. You ask me what I have hunted; well, I'll give you this rhyme on that." And he sang this compliment to old English sports:

What have I hunted? Ah, near and far
Lie the scenes recalled by the question words;
'Neath the Polar Star, on the opal spar
Of the ice, I have hunted the walrus herds;
With the first in the foremost fight I've been
Hard on the hounds on the fox's track—
For the best sport's seen in our England green
With the scarlet coats and the dappled pack.

What have I hunted? On mountains cold
Ruddier dyes than the sunset's fell
When the big-horn rolled on the glacier's fold
To the crack of the re-echoing rifle-knell.
What have I hunted? In Labrador
Bear—and the moose—and the cariboo
On the lone pine shore, or the barrens hoar,
With the white moss steeped in the moonlit dew
Far in the West was that glorious head
Of the wapiti borne through the dark spruce pass,
With my horse I have sped where the buffalo fled,
And have stretched them dead on the prairie grass.

What have I hunted? A mighty band!—
The river-horse and the lion's brood
In the Afric land on the trodden sand,
When at night at the shallow pools they stood.
And mightier game that roamed at large—
The mammoth lords of the forest aisle,
Dropped in their charge, by the ruined marge
Of the royal lakes of our Indian isle.
But, best of all hunting, wherever I've been,
Give me the hounds on the fox's track,
For the best sport's seen in our England green,
With the scarlet coats and the dappled pack!

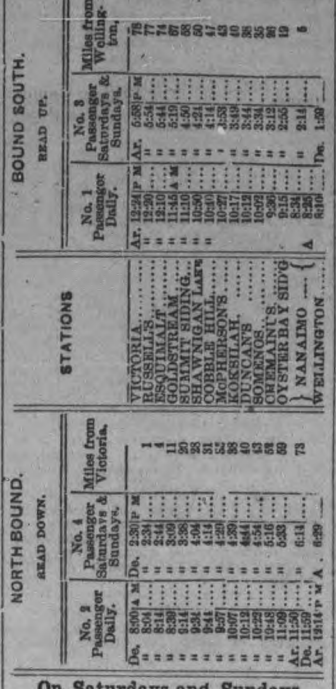
RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.



On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
oct1

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TEOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS Tacoma, Wash.
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

THE

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Din'ng Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED			Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots			S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1117
8 00 am	Lv	MI	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria!...	MI	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.

S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	MI	‖Tacoma...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Sehome...	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom...	MI	Lv	6 00 am

‖Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			A Ar	v pm
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	2 10 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	‖Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent.
121 First Washington, Portland, Or

STEAMBOATS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

THE FAST MAIL LINE.

No Change of Cars, Pacific to Atlantic.

THE SHORT ROUTE TO

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Montreal, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Paul and all Points East and Southeast.

Fares $5 to $10 Less than any Other Route.

Luxurious Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars Upholstered Tourist Cars, Free Colonist Sleepers.

Through Rates and Tickets to and from Europe by all Steamship Lines.

The Imperial Highway to the Orient.

EMPRESS OF INDIA,
EMPRESS OF CHINA,
EMPRESS OF JAPAN.

For Rates, Sailing Lists, and all information, apply at the Company's office, corner Government and Fort Streets.

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, District Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

THE

Northern Pacific

STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. TACOMA, March 21st

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

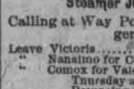
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,

Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,

Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Vaides Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply to Company's ticket office, Victoria board, or at the Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, May 10, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa.....THURSDAY, April 27th, 1893, 3 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eng ish mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
no2 General Agents.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

City of Puebla - - - April 14

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 19

Taking effect March 25, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 13 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Wednesday at 7 o'clock,
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports every Monday at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

MEN'S SUMMER SUITS, $5.75, $6.75, $8.50, $10 and upwards.
BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS, $2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and upwards.
BEST ASSORTMENT EVER SHOWN IN VICTORIA. + +

EASTERN TAILOR MADE SUITS, TO MEASURE, Fit and Finish Guaranteed.
B. WILLIAMS & Co. Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

THE OTTAWA SITUATION.

Some Noticeable Features of the Session of the Dominion Parliament.

THE WEAKNESS OF THE GOVERNMENT

Some Grave Blunders Committed—The Wallace Episode—Strangled Legislation—Knuckling Down to the Opposition.

(Correspondence of the Times.)

Ottawa, April 4.—The parliamentary session of 1893 is now a thing of the past. Little or no legislation of any kind was placed on the statute book. Indeed, it may be called a completely nerveless session, as far as the government was concerned. In that respect alone it is worth while remembering. A government with a majority the largest since confederation was tumbling to pieces almost whenever a critical point arose. All that the ministers seemed to be desirous for was to get the house closed. In doing this they were aided by Mr. Laurier, or parliament would have been sitting yet. He curtailed all debates as far as possible, and was ready to meet any suggestion which came from the government to shorten the session. His idea was to rush through as far as possible with the necessary discussion which the estimates required in the interests of good economy and efficiency of the public service. He looks for no temporary political advantages, but is willing to wait, reserving his full political forces until the general election comes round. It is the people that must be appealed to, since fighting the politicians in the house would only mean a closer union of the government and its followers. As it was they displayed the utmost incapacity in dealing with the various questions that arose. To run over some of these, let me cite in the first place the Wallace episode. The government bungled in that case in such a manner as to cause political sores which cannot soon be healed. Messrs. Costigan, Curran and Wallace cannot remain in the same government without weakening the party. Nobody would imagine that Mr. Curran will resign. His whole political record gives no sign of his attempting a manly course of that kind. He has been all the time ready to apologize for the government, and accept whatever it might be pleased to give him, although all the time being an applicant for a position in the cabinet. As for Mr. Wallace, he will certainly remain. Indeed, Sir John Thompson could not get rid of him without alienating the Orange vote. That is just exactly where the political management of the late Sir John Macdonald came in. He could easily dispense with Mr. Wallace, although he could not dismiss Mr. Costigan. The latter has taken the correct course to ensure staying in the administration. He has refused all appointments, including that of Lieutenant-Governor if his own province. When anything of that kind was suggested to him he has always told the government that he was perfectly satisfied with his position in parliament, and was quite willing to leave the government if his leader saw fit. To leave Costigan in the house with the large body of Irishmen in the country at his back would be a most dangerous expedient, and that no premier could adopt without staring defeat in the face. That is as plain as day. In the course Mr. Costigan has taken he is backed up by his followers in the country, with whom he is very popular, as well as with the opposition. He is a man that could go into opposition to-morrow much more easily and with less disrespect to himself than any other member of the government, or perhaps even of the house. That is how the Costigan-Curran-Wallace feud stands at present. An open rupture will come some day, as it is now making ready in secret.

Take, again, the government's experience with its legislation. Whenever the opposition showed a determined resistance to any of the government measures they were at once withdrawn. There was, for instance, the civil service bill. It lay on the order paper until the end of the session, being simply read a first time. The principle of a bill is always discussed on a second reading. When the end of the session was drawing near Mr. Costigan, who as secretary of state, had charge of the bill, moved that it be read a second time, after fully explaining its objects, which were of the most unsatisfactory character to the civil service and to the public. Mr. Laurier made a vehement attack on the bill, which was of a character to throw certain responsibilities off the shoulders of the government employees. The employment, too, of an inspector, who was to be a travelling detective through the buildings at the low salary of $1,500 was also condemned by the leader of the opposition. He described such an official as a mere policeman. Mr. Costigan begged that the bill be read a second time, as he proposed amending it in committee. Mr. Foster supported Mr. Cotsigan. Mr. Laurier said that since he was opposed to the principle of the bill entirely he could not agree to its being read a second time. He moved the six months' hoist. The government was in a fix, as many of its own followers could not vote for the measure. Mr. Costigan said that he had not moved the second reading, but merely said that he wanted to do so, and that the amendment, therefore, would not be in order. Mr. Speaker reminded him that he had done so, and therefore the secretary of state asked that Mr. Laurier withdraw his amendment and he would drop his motion. This of course was done and the last was heard of this measure. There was a government insurance bill which was pushed by the minister of finance for a day, but it was so strongly attacked by the opposition that he had to give it up. There was the franchise bill, which could not be touched, in addition to all the measures worth mentioning which were introduced by the government. The subject was freely talked of by the supporters of the government. Altogether the session was barren of legislation, since there was no time to get private bills put through. The next session will certainly be a long one. It will be a fighting one also. Mr. Lister has promised to impeach one judge, and what he promises he will certainly perform. Mr. Tarte has so far carried out his promises and says he will impeach three judges. Mr. Mulock tells us that a large number of Conservative members are carrying judgeships and other positions in their pockets and cannot give an independent vote. He also may be heard from. There are other cases on record, and they, too, will have to be ventilated. It will take a six months' session to clean up the order paper and everybody seems to be preparing for it. It will in all probability be the last session before a general election, and the last is always a stormy one. The summer will be devoted by the Liberals to making all the arrangements. There will be the Dominion convention in Ottawa on the June 20th, to which, in addition to all the delegates appointed, Mr. Laurier intends inviting all the Liberal proprietors and editors of newspapers in the Dominion. The local committee here have already started to work with a will, and everything looks to the convention being a decided success. There is something courageous, too, in holding such a convention in Otawa on the same grounds as the government. It is probably the worst city in the province to get a crowd to come to, since it is side-tracked by the leading railways. There are also many local Liberals who have business doings with the government who do not feel like taking such an active part as they otherwise would do. However, time will tell as to how the affair will turn out.

SLABTOWN.

DREAMS AND SUPERNATURAL INFLUENCES.

To the Editor:—I read with much interest the remarks upon dreams from Dr. Talmage in the sermon that appeared in your last Saturday's issue. In this age of faith, when we are taught not to look for any manifestations of Divine interposition in the affairs of men, any subject touching upon the supernatural, and more especially when emanating from a man of such erudition as Dr. Talmage, is worthy of especial notice. After mentioning in his opening remarks "that God in ancient times, and under Bible dispensation, addressed the people through dreams," he points out that dreams in the present day may be regarded as the penalty of outraged digestive organs, and then proceeds to offer a recipe for pleasant dreams, viz., "to fill your days with elevated thoughts, and unselfish actions," "and that all dreams that make you better are from God," and then enumerates many instances that have occurred to prove its truth.

There is a common saying that "murder will out," and I take this opportunity of alluding to a remarkable circumstance that occurred in my boyish days, and which at that time was the common talk in England, of a dream pointing out the scene of a murder, and by whom committed. I allude to that dream of Maria Martin's mother, repeated three nights in succession, that her daughter had been murdered, and was buried in the red barn at Polestead, under a barley heap. In this little village of Polestead in Sussex a Wm. Corder was courting a girl named Maria Martin. All at once both disappeared, and Corder wrote to the mother at Polestead stating that he had married Maria and they were both living together in London. The mother, surprised that the daughter did not write to her, dreamt three nights in succession as above related. Search was made, and just as the mother dreamt, in the very spot, there was found the murdered daughter. Upon this discovery Corder was arrested, found guilty, and hanged. Verily there is sometimes in dreams more than is dreamt of in our philosophy.

W.K.B.

KASLO AND SLOCAN.

Notes of Interest From the New Eldorado in the Kootenay.

Jack Sucksmith has concluded arrangements for his sawmill at Lardo, where the men are already at work preparing for its erection.

Wm. Ballie, one of the best writers in the Pacific Northwest and a stockholder in the Kaslo-Kootenay Land Company, is in Kaslo to remain.

Travellers from the Lardo say that snow will be off the mountains in a few weeks. Prospectors who desire to get rich will govern themselves accordingly.

A. M. Barnes, a well-known Montana miner, arrived from Phillipsburg this week and will make a tour of the Kaslo-Slocan mines in the interests of Montana capitalists.

The steamer Ainsworth now makes regular trips to Lardo every alternate day, going up in the afternoon, and lying over in the harbor for the night, returning next morning.

Prof. Elliott's Seal Report.

On Monday Sir Charles Russell demanded that the Americans produce the "Elliott report." This report has long been a thorn in the side of the state department officials. It was prepared by Prof. Elliott, of the Smithsonian Institution, and was made public under circumstances which nearly caused a rupture between Mr. Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote. When Elliott submitted the report to Blaine, the latter withheld it for several reasons, among them being that bids were about to be opened for leasing the sealing privileges of Behring Sea. Sir Julian was very persistent in asking Mr. Blaine for the report, but his requests were diplomatically avoided by the statement that Prof. Elliott had not yet finished the report. Finally Sir Julian met Mr. Elliott at the Corcoran art gallery and casually said:—

"I wish, professor, you would hurry up the presentation of that Behring Sea report."

"But I have presented it long ago," responded the professor.

"That can hardly be possible," said Sir Julian, "as Mr. Blaine has just told me you had not reported."

"Then I will satisfy you by sending a printed copy of the report to your legation," concluded Prof. Elliott.

He did so at once, and Pauncefote cabled it to the British foreign office simultaneously with Mr. Blaine's cable that the report was delayed.

The next day Sir Julian again called on Mr. Blaine and was assured that the report was behind, when the British minister pulled out the copy sent him by Elliott and said it gave him much pleasure to acquaint Mr. Blaine with what his subordinates were doing. The secretary was naturally much incensed, and from that time forward Mr. Blaine would not touch the Elliott report with tongs.—Washington Correspondence.

A Musician Speaks.

WORDS OF COMFORT FOR SINGERS.

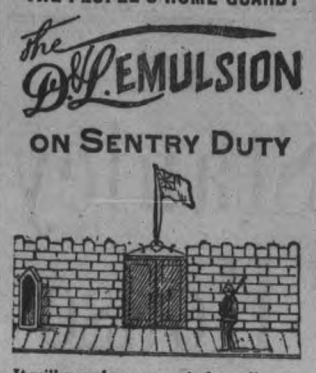
Singers are always deeply interested in matters that pertain to the preservation and strengthening of the voice. The most accomplished reader of music, will mar and spoil a solo or song if the voice is rough and husky from cold. Science has kindly provided for the singer by giving us the celebrated Harvard Bronchial Syrup, which clears the voice and gives strength to every chord and muscle of the throat.

Mr. Chas. C. Hampshire, Organist of the Eastern M.E. Church, Ottawa, writes as follows about Harvard Syrup:—"I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Harvard Bronchial Syrup. We have in our family derived so much benefit from it, that we do not feel safe without it in the house. For singers and public speakers it is invaluable; and I can truthfully say it is the best cough syrup we have ever used, and recommend it for all it is claimed to be."

The Spring,

Of all seasons in the year, is the one for making radical changes in regard to health. During the winter, the system becomes to a certain extent clogged with waste, and the blood loaded with impurities, owing to lack of exercise, close confinement in poorly ventilated shops and homes, and other causes. This is the cause of the dull, sluggish, tired feeling so general at this season, and which must be overcome, or the health may be entirely broken down. Hood's Sarsaparilla has attained the greatest popularity all over the country as the favorite Spring Medicine. It expels the accumulation of impurities through the bowels, kidneys, liver, lungs and skin, gives to the blood the purity and quality necessary to good health and overcomes that tired feeling.

THE PEOPLE'S HOME-GUARD!



It will guard you securely from disease

YOU
Have a Very Bad Cough,
Are Suffering From Lung Troubles,
Have Lost Flesh Through Illness,
Are Threatened With Consumption.

IT WILL
Cure That Cough,
Heal Your Lungs,
Put Flesh On Your Bones,
Prevent Consumption.

SMALL & LARGE BOTTLES 50c. & $1.00.

IT IS VERY PLEASANT TO TAKE.
Ask for and be sure you get the "D. & L. Emulsion."

PASSENGERS.

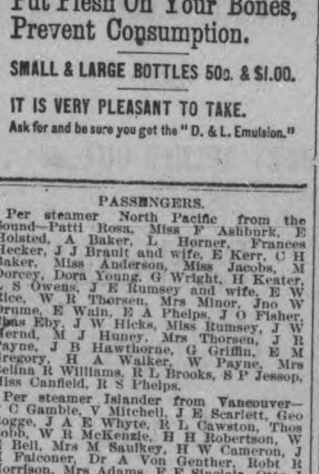
Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Patti Rosa, Miss F Ashburk, E Holsted, A Baker, L Horner, Frances Hecker, J J Brault and wife, E Kerr, C H Baker, Miss Anderson, Miss Jacobs, M Dorcey, Dora Young, G Wright, H Keater, L S Owens, J E Rumsey and wife, E W Rice, W R Thorsen, Mrs Minor, Jno W Drume, E Wain, E A Phelps, J O Fisher, Chas Eby, J W Hicks, Miss Rumsey, J W Hernd, M J Huney, Mrs Thorsen, J R Payne, J B Hawthorne, G Griffin, E M Gregory, H A Walker, W Payne, Mrs Belina R Williams, R L Brooks, S P Jessop, Miss Canfield, R S Phelps.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—F C Gamble, V Mitchell, J E Scarlett, Geo Rogge, J A E Whyte, R L Cawston, Thos Robb, W R McKenzie, H H Robertson, W H Bell, Mrs M Saulkey, H W Cameron, J H Falconer, Dr A Von Genther, Robt R Morrison, Mrs Adams, P F Sinclair, Otto J Klotz, W B Abbott, R M Courtney, Mat Holen, W G McKenzie, J W Taylor, J Whyte, W L Leonard, Pilot Thompson, J H Todd, W M Robson, W J King, O H Warden, J A Cadenhead Gerald Sankey.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Kelly Becket Engine Co care of Bank of Montreal, M R and Tye, G H Maynard, P McQuade and Son, J Leckie, C Ryan, Jno Parker, Valo and Brooks, Allice and Ault, Union Ice Co, and C T W Piper.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—J Piercy, Albion Iron Works, C Strouss, G C Shaw, Weiler Bros, C P N Co, Lenz and L, J Johnston and Co, J A T Caton, Order O V, Order T H and Co, D Spencer, H Saunders, E G Prior, H S Fairall, G Reid, Mr McMillan, McL and McF, S Shore, S Leiser, W N Carmichael, G T Simpson, Cavin Bros, J Fullerton, T Shotbolt, Wilson Bros, D S Ramsay, H Young and Co, S H E Co, W S Hampson, Taylor M Co, W Wilson, W H Perry, Shore and A, P R Scott, A W Vowell, Turner Beeton and Co, Gilmore and McG, M W Waitt, Blain and G. Disher and C, E C Baker, J Freel, J H Franck, M and T Young, Mr W C Anderson, McM and H, Quintard and P, T Earle, Van Iron Works, W G McKenzie, Dom Exp Co.


SOAP MAKERS TO THE QUEEN
HOME! SWEET HOME!
CLEAN AS A WHISTLE,
BRIGHT AS A PIN,
THIS IS THE STATE
YOUR HOUSE WILL BE IN.
If you use SUNLIGHT Soap in every department – Kitchen, Laundry and Household
EASY THE WASHING,
LOVELY THE CLOTHES,
FLOORS NICE AND CLEAN,
SWEET AS THE ROSE.
TRY IT

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA B C.

Queen's Birthday CELEBRATION.

A public meeting will be held at the City Hall on Friday, the 14th of April, at 8 o'clock p.m., to consider the best method of celebrating the birthday of Her Majesty the Queen.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.

ap12 3t

HOTELS.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.

daw JONATHAN MERRIFIELD.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in th world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD COAL" is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnag are loaded all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

Dec. 30. SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent.

Victoria's Leading Merchants
TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between Alexander Muir, formerly of Victoria, and now residing in Nanaimo, and John Boyd, of the city of Victoria, under the title of Muir & Boyd, Manufacturers' Agents, Victoria, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The said Alexander Muir retires from the firm, and the said John Boyd continues the business under the title of John Boyd & Co. All debts owing to the partnership to be paid to John Boyd, by whom all debts against the partnership will be settled.

ALEXANDER MUIR.
JOHN BOYD.

Victoria, 10th April, 1893. ap13-3t

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor: An advertisement appears in your columns which does us and many others a great injustice. I refer to that of Ross, McLaren & Co. re the townsite of Duluth. None of the land referred to in the advertisement is in any way conected with the townsite of Duluth. Our land, as well as any other that has been platted or added to Duluth is ours in fee simple by virtue of a crown grant issued two years ago, and the title is indisputable.

Very respectfully,
KING & CASEY.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

In pursuance of the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that Thomas Russell, of 27 Ellis street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, accountant, has assigned all his real and personal property to William Wilson, of Government street, in the city of Victoria, and residing at Pemberton road, in the city of Victoria, clothier, and James Burns, of Beacon Cottage, Beacon Hill, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, commission merchant, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Thomas Russell. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 22nd day of March, 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

Dated 22nd March, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.

March 24-1m

William Eckert, Deceased:

NOTICE.—All persons having claims or demands against the estate of William Eckert, late of Yates street, in the city of Victoria, grocer, deceased, are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims and demands on or before the 30th day of April next, to Simon Leiser, of the city of Victoria, merchant, attorney-in-fact for me the administratrix, by virtue of letters of administration granted to me by the Supreme Court of British Columbia on the 8th day of February, 1893.

And notice is hereby also given that after such 30th day of April next I shall proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have notice.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1893.

ELIZA A. ECKERT,
Administratrix of the said deceased.

March 27-1m.

WING ON,
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU—All kinds of Chinese help furnished.
20 Cormorant St., VICTORIA, B. C.
ap6 2m

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

KASLO, B. C.

WANTED—Lots in Kaslo. Send full description, title, price, terms, etc., to
D. GILES,
Kaslo, B. C.

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
ly. Aw

Do You Write for the Papers?
If you do, you should have THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM, a Text-Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.
PRICE, 50 CENTS.
SENT ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, BY
ALLAN FORMAN,
117 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.
State where you saw this and you will receive a handsome lithograph for framing.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
m29-tf 52 Third street Victoria

TENDERS

Will be received until May 1st for purchase of four lots, all under cultivation, each 60x120 ft., on Alpha and Beta Sts., off Burnside Road; including new house, stable, work shop, summer-house and 20 fruit trees. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Tenders to H. R. SELLICK, on premises.
mar25-1m

ATTEND THE
National Business College
47 GOVERNMENT STREET
OPS. BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
For a thorough course in Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Shorthand, Typewriting, Correspondence, etc. Circulars free.
DAY and NIGHT SCHOOLS.

Best aid to the Amateur, the Artist, and to those fond of a beautiful Home. 36 Colored Pictures given with a year's subscription for only $4.00. Complete instructions and designs given for Embroidery, Wood Carving, China Painting, Modeling, Oil, Water and Mineral Color Painting, and every branch of Home Decoration. No home is complete without this beautifully illustrated guide.

Everyone who sends $4 direct to our office for one year's subscription will get **Free, as a Premium,** a copy of our exquisite water-color fac-simile—"The Trysting Place," size 27x22 inches—which has never been sold for less than $10, and which makes a most beautiful gift for any occasion.

Sample copy of the Magazine, with 3 **Colored Pictures,** sent for **20c. Catalogue Free.**

THE ART INTERCHANGE CO., 9 Desbrosses St., N. Y

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
93½ Douglas Street.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that Aaron Lewis, carrying on business under the name and style of A. Lewis and Co., at No. 46 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, stove and hardware merchant, has assigned all his real and personal property to George Frank Mathews, of Government and Johnson streets, in the city of Victoria, and residing at No. 308 Dallas road, hardware merchant, and Robert Dudgeon, residing at the Brunswick hotel, Yates street, in the city of Victoria, bookkeeper to the said Aaron Lewis, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Aaron Lewis.

The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said Aaron Lewis must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignees at Victoria, on or before the 20th day of April, 1893. All persons indebted to said Aaron Lewis are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignees forthwith. After the first day of July, 1893, the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned on Friday, the 24th day of March, 1893, at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.

Dated the 17th day of March, 1893.

mar 18-1m

GRIP AND PASSWORD.

Secretaries Report a Busy Week Among the Local Lodges.

NUMEROUS MEETINGS OF THE WEEK

The Knights of Pythias' Excursion to Seattle—A Lodge of the Royal Buffs to be Organized on Friday Evening—Other Society Notes.

Another busy week among the local lodges of the secret societies is drawing to a close. There have been numerous meetings held and a lot of business has been transacted. All the lodges report additions to the membership roll.

Y.M.I.

Seghers Council, No. 85, held their regular fortnightly meeting last Monday evening. Three applications for active membership were read. An institute paper has been started in San Francisco under the direction of the board of grand directors. All councils have subscribed for the paper, and a copy of each issue will be mailed to every member's address. Active preparations are being made for honoring the anniversary of Seghers Council, on the 4th of May, by the committee having the matter in hand.

SONS OF ST. GEORGE.

Milton and Ottawa Lodges, Sons of St. George, will celebrate St. George's Day, April 23rd, by attending St. Saviour's church, Victoria West. The Rev. (Bro.) W. D. Barber, will will officiate. It is hoped all members of the lodges will attend the parade. As it will be some time before (St George's Day being on Sunday) they will have the opportunity of celebrating it in this way again. They will also hold a grand social on Saturday 22nd (St. George's eve) in the Temperance Hall, Pandora street, which promises to be a great success, and which all members, their families and lady friends are cordially invited to attend. The committee has prepared a good programme and have worked hard to make it a grand success. The chair will be taken by the Rev. W. D. Barber at 8 p.m., who will deliver a short address on the aims and objects of the order of Daughters of St. George, a lodge which it is intended to organize in this city in a very short time. The committee, with Bro. T. Bradbury as charman, met on Friday evening to make final ar angements for the organization of a lodge and they hope to secure a number of names at the social on Saturday night in addition to those already obtained. Any ladies who are of English parentage or the wife of a Son of St. George are eligible for membership. The committee have made arrangements to hold a meeting for the ladies some time during the week after the social.

I. O. O. F.

Wednesday, the 26th inst., is the anniversary of the order and will be duly celebrated by the local lodges. On the following Sunday the members will attend the Calvary Baptist church, when Rev. J. E. Coombes will preach a special sermon.

Columbia lodge met on Wednesday evening, when two members were advanced and one new member was elected. The by-laws for the lodge are being considered.

Victoria lodge No. 1 met as usual last Monday evening and transacted considerable business. One brother was advanced to the second degree and one to the first. It was also decided that the lodge would, with the other three lodges in the city, attend church on April 30th.

Canton Victoria No. 1 held their regular fortnightly meeting last Saturday evening, when a lot of business was transacted. One proposition for membershop were received. The Canton will meet to-night for drill practice, and next Saturday the regular annual meeting for the election of officers will be held. A full attendance is desired.

A. O. U. W.

At Wednesday evening's meeting of Victoria lodge No. 1, ten applications for membership were considered and seven were laid on the table. At the next meeting it is expected that there will be nearly 50 applications to consider, as the members have been working hard in response to the G. M. W.'s request.

Copies of the Washington Workman, containing a report of the proceedings of the grand lodge, have been circulated among the members of the order.

Western Star lodge met on Monday night, initiated two candidates and appointed Mr. Hughes grand lodge representative.

At the meeting of Dominion lodge No. 4 on Thursday evening one candidate was initiated. After the close of the lodge a very pleasant impromptu concert was held.

At the regular meting of Sullivan lodge, held last evening, one proposition for membership was considered.

ROYAL BUFFS.

A lodge of the order of Royal Antediluvian Buffaloes is to be organized in this city. A meeting will be held at the American hotel on Friday night for the purpose of organization. The order is a strong one in England and the other colonies, but it is little known in Canada. Its object is beneficiary and social.

COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST.

The second and fourth Mondays of the month have been decided upon as meeting nights for the companions. At last Monday evening's meeting a committee consisting of Mrs. P. J. Davies, Mrs. Moire and Mr H. L. Salmon was appointed to arrange for an entertainment to be held on the next meeting night, Monday, 24th.

A. O. F.

A dispensation has been applied for for a new court in Victoria West, and if it is granted the court will be named "Robin Hood." This was decided upon at a meeting held on Tuesday evening. There are 30 names on the list of charter members of the order. The candidates have been notified to call on Dr. Crompton for examination. The dispensation is still in the hands of Mr. A. Aspdin of 106 Government street.

Five new members were added to the juvenile court at last evening's meeting. The single sticks have arrived and the members will commence exercise under an instructor.

Court Vancouver met on Monday evening and initiated three new members. The same number were initiated at the Thursday evening meeting of Court Northern Light.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Grand Chancellor J. M. Hughes returned from Nanaimo on Thursday, after paying an official visit to the lodges on the east coast. He was accompanied by Grand Keeper of Records and Seals W. K. Leighton and Colonel Richardson, of the Uniform Rank. At each place visited the grand officers found the lodges in a flourishing condition. The Grand Chancellor speaks in glowing terms of the reception accorded and the fraternal feeling existing between the members of the various lodges. At Nanaimo, Wellington and Northfield the visitors were banquetted and the work of conferring rank was accomplished in a most commendable manner.

Far West Lodge, No. 1, the oldest and most prosperous lodge in the province, conferred the Rank of Page on five candidates at Friday's meeting.

Bro. Bernard Williams and W. L. Ogle, of Far West Lodge, will attend the meeting of Knights to be held in Chicago during the World's Fair.

Victoria Division, No. 2, Uniform Rank, drill in the Market Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings. Captain O'Brien and Lieut. Dobbs have determined that their plumed knights will carry off the banner at the competition to be held in New Westminster next June.

The Rank of Esquire will be conferred at the next regular meeting of Far West Lodge.

A visiting Knight from Kansas City and a member of Northfield Lodge attended the meeting of Far West Lodge, No. 1, on Friday evening.

At the convention last Tuesday of Sunset Lodge, No. 10, the lodge in committee of the whole considered and passed singly the whole of the by-laws and order of business submitted to them by the committee.

According to the arrangements being made the Pythian excursion to Seattle promises to be a "monster success."

A contest is now on for which the Pythian Herald offers a valuable Past Chancellor's jewel for the most popular Chancellor Commander of any lodge in the state of Washington or province of British Columbia. The C. C. of Sunset Lodge, No. 10, stands fourth on the list. Brother Leeson, who leads this province, being beat only by the C. C. of Myrtle Lodge, No. 14, of Spokane, Tacoma, No. 42, of Tacoma, and Harmony No. 5, of Seattle.

At next Tuesday's convention the third rank will be conferred.

At Russell & McDonald's
Millinery wonderfully cheap.

SEPARATION THE CRY.

Royal City People Affected — A New Steamer—New Lodge Y. M. I.

New Westminster, April 15.—The Roman Catholic society, the Young Men's institute, was formed last night and elected the following officers: President, W. H. Keary; vice-presidents, R. C. McDonald, A. L. Avery; recording secretary, A. Sheppard; financial secretary, H. Williams; corresponding secretary, I. M. McDonald; treasurer, J. P. Martin; marshal, J. W. Murray; surgeon, Dr. Fagan; inside sentinel, A. McDonald; outside, R. J. McDonald. The council of the institute christened it Leo in honor of the episcopal jubilee of the Pope.

A fine new tug was launched for D. McNair of the Royal City Planing Mills this morning. It is named the Dart. She is 40 feet keel and 8 feet beam.

A large number of people go over to Vancouver this evening to the public meeting there. The Workingmen's club here also discuss separation to-night.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Hammocks, camp stools, chairs, etc., at Weiler Bros.

—Household brushes, feather dusters, folding clothes horses, and baskets in great variety, at Weiler Bros.

—Complete line of Whitney and other noted makers' baby carriages with parasol, hood or canopy tops, at all prices, at Weiler Bros.

—The British Pacific Railway Company have taken offices in the Williams block on Broad street, which they will have ready for occupancy on Monday.

—John White, ex-M.P., G. Boswell and others have been incorporated as the Toronto and British Columbia Lumber Co., Ltd., with a capital of $1,000,000.

At Russell & McDonald's
Lace curtains, carpets and carpet samples.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

LACROSSE.

AN INTERMEDIATE MATCH.

The secretary of the intermediate team of Vancouver has written asking if a match could be arranged between the intermediate lacrosse teams of New Westminster and Victoria during the Queen's Birthday celebration. No doubt they will be accommodated.

ATHLETICS.

COMMITTEEMEN WANTED.

The general committee of the James Bay Athletic Association will meet at the club house on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as matters of more than ordinary weight are to come up for discussion.

CRICKET.

THE JUNIORS AT PRACTICE.

The Victoria Junior Cricket Club is coming to the front. Two of its teams are having a practice game at Beacon Hill this afternoon. They are composed as follows: A. C. Anderson (Captain), G. W. McCulloch, A Genn, E. Marshall, R. H. Johnson, R. Wilson, H. Jorand, L. Hartnagle, H. Scholefield, P. Brenton and A. Field.

C. Moore (Captain), D. McLeod, L. B. Trimen, F. Smith, F. Futcher, T. Futcher, J. McLeod, O. Fawcett, J. Byrn, C. Trimen and M. McLean.

CANOEING.

CLUB MEETING.

A meeting of the Victoria Canoe Club will be held on Monday evening at 8 o'clock at Mr. C. M. Page's office, Trounce avenue. The representatives to the general celebration committee will be elected. A full attendance is requested.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Victoria and Union Gun clubs are having a match shoot at Macaulay's Point this afternoon. There are 10 men in each team.

The Wanderers Cycling Club gives a club run to Prairie Tavern this afternoon.

At Russell & McDonald's
Silk crape, $1 per yard. Crape cloth 25c. per yard.

After the grip, when you are weak and played out, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore your health and strength.

The Will Case.

The hearing of the disputed will case referred to yesterday was to-day continued, a large crowd of spectators being present. Additional evidence for the plaintiff was taken after which the court adjourned till 11 o'clock Monday.

Stole Fruit Trees.

F. David and James Collinson, who were brought down from Tumbo Island by Officer Robb were tried in the provincial court this morning before Magistrate Macrae on a charge of stealing fruit trees from Mr. Pike. David was sentenced to two months at hard labor, while Collinson was discharged on account of his youth.

Residence Fire.

An alarm of fire from box 31, at 12:30 this afternoon, called the firemen to the residence of W. Furnival, No. 80 Yates street. The chemical engine extinguished the fire which was burning on the roof of the two-story frame building. The damage amounts to $10. This morning's fire and the blaze this afternoon were in very dangerous localities.

Fire on Wharf Street.

A fire on the roof of A. B. Gray's warehouse, Nos. 71 and 73 Wharf street, was discovered at 8:35 this morning. Police Officer McDonald turned in box 35, and the firemen extinguished the burning shingles with a stream from the chemical engine. Fortunately no wind was blowing at the time. The fire was caused by sparks falling on the shingle roof. Five dollars worth of shingles will repair the damage.

The Smoker Programme.

The committee who have in charge the lacrosse club smoking concert to be held in the Driard club rooms this evening have prepared a long and interesting programme. The following gentlemen will take part: Messrs. Jay, Philo, Brownlie, Shedden, Perrin, Fisher, Laing, Hood, Boyd, Thomas, Allen, Brown, Richardson, Wolff and others. Mr. Philo will sing, by request, "The Bugler." Mr. Perrin will sing a new topical song by Dave Carley.

Saturday Half-Holiday.

The bricklayers of the city have notified the contractors that they will not work on Saturday afternoons hereafter. Several of the contractors are considering the advisability of only giving the men five days' work a week, as they say it will cause them a great deal of inconvenience if the men work only half a day on Saturdays. Last year the bricklayers asked for nine hours a day and their request was granted. The Saturday half-holiday came into force to-day.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

The North Pacific was three hours late last night.

Steamer Alki will call here on Tuesday on her way to Alaska.

The sealers Venture and Kate go to sea to-day. They will cruise north immediately.

The sealing schooner Fawn has been in for a few days, her master, Capt. Magneseu, being sick.

The steamship Victoria left Yokohama to-day for Victoria. Capt. J. G. Cox is among the passengers.

Sample Chocolate Free.

A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

Come In Out of the Wet.

As the shark said to the sailor, or I you must, be out when it is raining ge a Rigby waterproof coat. Porous, comfortable, healthy.

A luxury of luxuries-Tamilkande Tea

At Russell & McDonald's
Straw shapes, in endless variety.

BIRTH.

HEATHORN—In this city, April 15th, 1893, the wife of Arthur Heathorn of a son.

Good Cabinet Photos
—ONLY—
$2 PER DOZEN,
At JONES' Studio,
60 Yates Street.

Tamilkande Tea is the best.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED TO RENT—In good location, three large rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping; or small furnished cottage, by gentleman and lady; no children. Address Y. this office. ap14-2t

WANTED—A cheap moveable bath, about 5 feet. State particulars, 6 Store St. a15-2t

LOST—A lady's gold watch and chain. Initials S. M. C., and Mizpah on case. Any one returning same to this office will be suitably rewarded. ap15-2t

WANTED—Dressmaking or sewing by the day; town or country; address E. B., Box 572, City. ap15-1w

—THE—
Stanley House

Mantles, Millinery and General Dry Goods,

55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

JUST OPENED OUT

Jackets, Capes, Etons, Louaves,

In the Newest Designs and Shades.

Inspection Invited.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

14th Annual Derby Sweep
3000 TICKETS, $5 EACH.
$9000 Divided Equally Among Starters
$6000 Divided Equally Among Non-Starters.
DRAWING, MAY 29. RACE, MAY 31.
R. H. BRAND,
Billiard Room, Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

NOTE—No Special Prize to 1st, 2nd or 3rd. 241 Horses entered.—If 15 start, each starter will draw $600. Leaving 226 Non-Starters to divide $6,000, about $27 each. Guaranteed to fill. ap10-5w1

NEW GOODS Imported Direct from the English Market.

SCOTCH TWEED SUITS FROM $23 to $35.
IRISH SERGE SUITS FROM $28 to $35.
PANTS FROM $6 to $12.

COME EARLY and get first choice—
Walter D. Kinnaird.
THE CASH TAILOR, 46 JOHNSON STREET
ap8tm

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1875.
—BANKERS—
VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS—One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months Interest on deferred payments.

For particulars apply to
F. C. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

The HIGHEST Quality
The LOWEST Prices.

The E. B. EDDY Co.

Call your attention to their stock of Manilla, Brown Wrapping, News, Prints, Tissues, Drug, Tea, Toilet and other

...PAPER...

Of the Best Quality and at the Lowest Possible Mill Prices.

VICTORIA AGENT: JAMES MITCHELL, 100 Gov't St.
MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

THE VERY BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET FOR THE LEAST MONEY
CAN BE HAD AT
McCALLUM'S,
42 Broad Street.

GENTLEMEN,—

I am now prepared to show you for Spring and Summer wear such a complete range of choice Suiting Materials bought from the most noted manufacturers, that they must be seen to be appreciated. English, Scotch and Irish Worsteds, Serges and Tweeds. I have them all, and all of the finest grades.

English Serge and Tweed Suitings, $32, $34, $36.
English Fancy Diagonal Worsteds, $35, $37, $38.
Scotch "Cheviots" and "Bannockburns," $25, $28, $30, $32, $34.
Irish Tweeds and Serges, $28, $30, $33, $36.
Trouserings from $5 up, and made to order while waiting.

High class and clean, honest work with above prices. Distances competition. More particularly when I don't want your money if fit, finish and elegance in style don't make you feel like a new man, ready to shake hands with yourself.

Place your orders early with
JOHN McCALLUM,
The Fashionable Tailor,
42 Broad Street.

JUST RECEIVED
OOLACHANS
FULL ROED.
THIS SEASON'S.
FROM NAAS RIVER

This delicious fish is just to hand, and packed in small packages suitable for family trade.
For sale by
HENRY SAUNDERS.

Just arrived from England a large consignment of Extra Fine
WALL PAPER
ALSO TWO PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, of 30 and 60 horsepower, with patent expanding gear, extra wearing parts, extra large fire boxes, and all other patent attachments. Also
A General Line of Hardware,
Fine Assortment of Glass, Paints, and Special Line of Enamelled Ware and Hollow Ware, to be found at
STORE OPPOSITE LELAND HOUSE, DOUGLAS ST.